Seidman College of Business Appendix – Assurance of Learning

CIR Review Visit 2-4 October 2016





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BBA

BBA Revised Learning Goals and Objectives, Effective Fall 2015

(1) Effective Business Communication

- 1.1 Students will be proficient at locating, evaluating, and using information effectively.
- 1.2 Students will develop clear, concise and well-organized written communication.
- 1.3 Students will produce professional quality oral presentations.

(2) Functional Business Knowledge

- 2.1 Students will apply disciplinary knowledge to solve problems.
- 2.2 Students will demonstrate proficiency in the basic concepts and principles across the disciplines.

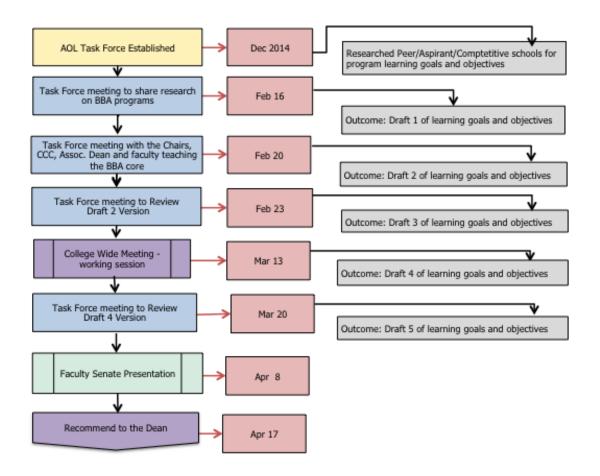
(3) Informed Decision Making

- 3.1 Students will analyze and integrate the impact of strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats in business decisions.
- 3.2 Students will integrate global and cultural factors into the decision-making process.

(4) Ethics and Values

- 4.1 Students will apply ethical theories and models to decision making.
- 4.2 Students will identify their own values and understand how value systems impact decision-making.

Process Followed to Revise Learning Goals and Objectives



Curriculum Map BBA Curriculum Map to Assess Revised Learning Goals and Objectives

Goals and Objectives\Course I = Introduced, R = Reinforced, A = Assessed	ECO 200	ECO 210/211	BUS 201	ACC 212/213	MGT 268	FIN 320	MGT 331	MKT 350	MGT 366	ECO 300/400	MGT 495	Ethics MKT 375 ECO 440
1. Effective Business Communication												
1.1 Students will be proficient at locating, evaluating and using information effectively	I	I, A	I	I	R, A	I	I	I, R	I	R		I,R 375
1.2 Students will develop clear, concise and well-organized written communication					R, A		A	I, R			A	R 375
1.3 Students will produce professional quality oral presentations							A					R 375
2. Functional Business Knowledge												
2.1 Students will apply disciplinary knowledge to solve problems			I, R	I, A	I, R	I, A	I, R	I, R	I, R	R	A	R 375, 440
2.2 Students will demonstrate proficiency in the basic concepts and principles across the disciplines	I, R	I, R	I, R		I, R	I, R	I, R		I, R		A	
3. Informed Decision Making												
3.1 Students will analyze and integrate the impact of strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats in business decisions				I				I			A	
3.2 Students will integrate global and cultural factors into the decision-making process			I		I, R		I, R	I	I, R		A	R 375
4. Ethics and Values												
4.1 Students will apply ethical theories and models to decision making			I, R		I, R	I, R	I, R				R	I,R,A 375, 440
4.2 Students will identify their own values & understand how value systems impact decision-making			Ι	I					I, R		R	I,R,A 375, 440

Rubrics to Assess the Revised BBA Learning Goals and Objectives

BBA Locating, Evaluating And Using Information Rubric (Goal 1.1)

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
	Consults an	Gathers	Gathers good	Gathers optimal
Seeks	insufficient	information from a	information from a	information from a
Information	number of quality	limited range of	variety of sources;	variety of quality
	sources	sources; may rely	may have missed a	electronic and print
		too much on one	few	sources, including ABI
		kind of source		Inform
	Shows no evidence	Uses some quality	Does a good job	Evaluates and selects
Evaluates	of understanding	sources, but uses	evaluating the	only the best sources
Information	what information	too many that are	quality and	for usefulness and
	is useful or of	poor or tangential	usefulness of	quality
	good quality		sources	
	Reaches	Conclusions could	Uses information	Uses information
	conclusions that do	have been better	to draw	effectively to draw
	not have enough	supported.	appropriate	appropriate
Uses	support. Question	Question or	conclusions,	conclusions, and
Information	or problem	problem minimally	answer a question,	optimally answer a
Imormation	ineffectively	resolved. Some	or solve a problem.	question or solve a
	resolved. Most	necessary	Some minor	problem. All relevant
	necessary	ideas/points are	ideas/points are	ideas/points included
	idea/points are	missing	missing	
	missing			
	Materials are	Documentation is	Documents with	All ideas, text and
_	clearly plagiarized,	improperly	care (in body of	media are properly
Sources	either intentionally	constructed or	paper and	cited (in body of paper
Information	or through	absent body of	bibliography)	and bibliography),
	ignorance	paper and/or	although a few	following a recognized
		bibliography	errors are noted	style

BBA Written Communication Rubric (Goal 1.2)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Content	Paper does not identify thesis or purpose. Analysis vague or missing. Reader is confused or misinformed	Some analysis of a thesis or purpose. Reader gains few insights	Basic analysis of a thesis or purpose. Reader gains sufficient insight	Thoughtful and insightful analysis of a clearly presented thesis or purpose. Reader gains good insight
Organization	Little semblance of logical organization. Reader cannot identify reasoning	Writing is not logical and ideas sometime fail to make sense. Reader needs to work to figure out meaning	Ideas are, for the most part, arranged logically and linked. Reader can follow most of the reasoning	Ideas arranged logically. Flow smoothly and are clearly linked. Reader can follow reasoning
Tone	Tone is not professional. It is inappropriate for audience and purpose	Tone is occasionally professional or occasionally appropriate for audience	Tone is generally professional and mostly appropriate for audience	Tone is consistently professional and appropriate for audience
Mechanics	Errors are so numerous that they obscure meaning	Writing has numerous errors and distracts the reader	Occasional errors in writing, but they don't represent a major distraction	Writing is free or almost free of errors
References	References are not or mostly not presented	Occasional and/or incomplete references are provided	Complete references are generally present	Sources of presented evidence are clearly and fairly represented
Format	No standardized format followed	Format of document reflects incomplete knowledge of standard	A recognized format is generally followed; a few mistakes	A recognized format is correctly followed

BBA Oral Presentation Rubric (Goal 1.3)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Organization	Presentation is very disorganized; little flow; vague; difficult to understand	Presentation is confusing and disorganized in a number of places; disconnected or	Presentation flows smoothly with occasional confusion or rough patches between	Presentation is smooth, polished and organized; flows well
		choppy; takes some effort to follow	ideas	
Delivery	Presenter is very uncomfortable; speech is rushed, slow or inarticulate; style is distracting or annoying	Presenter is somewhat uncomfortable or nervous; limited expression; noticeable use of filler words (uhs, likes) or pauses	Presenter is generally comfortable; somewhat polished; minor use of filler words (uhs, likes) or pauses	Presenter is very comfortable; speaks clearly and expressively; words and sentences flow
Content	Points not clear; irrelevant information does not support ideas; listeners gain little	Information is confusing in places; too much or too little information; listener gains a few insights	Sufficient information; many good points made; some areas lacking; listener gains adequate insight	Abundance of material; points clearly made; evidence supports; listeners gain insight
Communication Aids	Communication aids are poorly prepared and/or distracting, or nonexistent	Communication aids marginally prepared; do not support presentation well	Professional communication aids, may use too many/too few	Appropriate, professional communication aids enhance presentation
Nonverbals	Reads entire report, making no eye contact with audience	Reads most of report; makes occasional eye contact	Maintains eye contact, but returns to notes frequently	Maintains eye contact throughout presentation; seldom returns to notes
Audience Interaction	Unable to accurately answer questions	Often answers questions superficially or long-windedly	Responds to most questions clearly and accurately	Responds to all questions clearly and accurately

BBA Functional Business Knowledge Rubric (Goals 2.1 - 2.2)

This goal was assessed using the ETS[®] Major Field Test. Consequently it is not supported by a rubric.

BBA Informed Decision Making Rubric (Goals 3.1 - 3.2)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Assesses External Environment	Analysis is completely inadequate; several opportunities and threats missing from analysis	Considers some external factors in analysis but misses one or two major ones	Includes most relevant external factors in analysis but may miss a few minor ones	Analyzes the external environment clearly and completely by identifying all important opportunities and threats
Assesses Internal Environment	Analysis is completely inadequate; several strengths and weaknesses missing from analysis	Considers some internal factors in analysis but misses one or two major ones	Includes most relevant internal factors in analysis; may miss a few minor ones	Analyzes the internal environment clearly and completely by identifying all strengths and weaknesses
Identification of the Various Aspects of a Firm's Global Strategy	No identification of aspects of a firm's global strategy	Identifies some of the aspects of a firm's global strategy but misses one or two major ones	Identifies most relevant aspects of a firm's global strategy; may miss a few minor ones	Clearly and accurately identifies all relevant aspects of a firm's global strategy
Identification of Cultural Factors in International Settings Using a Cultural Framework	No Identification of cultural factors	Identifies some surface cultural factors without utilizing a cultural framework	Identifies some relevant cultural factors utilizing a cultural framework	Identifies most relevant cultural factors utilizing a cultural framework
Develops Strategic Options	Development of strategic options missing, incorrect, or superficial	Attempts to develop strategic options but analysis is incomplete	Correctly develops appropriate number of strategic options	Insightfully develops appropriate number of strategic options

BBA Ethics and Values Rubric (Goals 4.1 - 4.2)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Values Clarification	Lists values but unable to offer any thoughtful defense of why they are important	Lists values but uses superficial reasoning to defend choices	Articulates values; offers acceptable explanation of why they are important to business behavior	Student can thoughtfully articulate and defend five or six values that should guide behavior in business
Identification of Ethical Issues Stakeholder Identification	Identification of ethical concerns is sparse or missing Identification of stakeholder is sparse or missing	Identifies only some of the ethical concerns in a given problem/case. Omits a few major points Identifies only some of the stakeholder positions in a given problem/case. Omits a few major	Identifies most of the ethical concerns in a given problem/case. May omit a few minor points Identifies most of the stakeholder positions in a given problem/case. May omit a few minor points	Completely and thoughtfully identifies all ethical concerns in a given problem/case Completely and thoughtfully identifies all stakeholder positions in a given problem/case
Application of Ethical Theory/Models	Application of ethical decision making models is sparse or missing	points Application of ethical decision making models is superficial or incomplete	Good application of consequentialist, deontological and virtue ethical decision making models; may miss some details or nuances	Completely and thoughtfully applies consequentialist, deontological and virtue ethical decision models to problem

BBA Learning Goals and Objectives Prior to Fall 2015

1. A Seidman BBA graduate will be an effective communicator. He/she will be able to:

- 1.1 Engage in effective interpersonal dialogue.
- 1.2 Organize written thoughts into a coherent narrative, free from grammar and mechanical problems.

2. A Seidman BBA graduate will be a critical thinker. He/she will be able to:

- 2.1 Identify and evaluate a speaker/author's issues, conclusions, premises, and evidence.
- 2.2 Identify fallacies in argument and thinking.
- 2.3 Draw reasonable conclusions from presented evidence.
- 2.4 Reason systematically in support of an argument with relevant support and examples.

3. A Seidman BBA graduate will be conversant in the concepts and language of the functional areas of business. He/she will be able to:

- 3.1 Apply disciplinary knowledge to problem solving situations.
- 3.2 Correctly answer questions about the basic concepts and principles in the areas of accounting, economics, finance, management and marketing.

4. A Seidman BBA graduate will understand both the internal and external environment of a business organization. He/she will be able to:

- 4.1 Identify and analyze an organization's external environment using frameworks and models to guide analysis.
- 4.2 Identify and analyze an organization's internal environment using frameworks and models to guide analysis.
- 4.3 Draw from multiple business disciplines when performing an analysis of the external and internal environment.

5. A Seidman BBA graduate will recognize ethical issues inherent in the practice of business and apply the process of ethical inquiry. He/she will be able to:

- 5.1 Apply ethical theories and models to ethical problems.
- 5.2 Identify the ethical concerns of a given business issue or problem.
- 5.3 Identify stakeholders in an ethical decision.
- 5.4 Identify his/her own values and consciously employ those values in business decision-making.

6. A Seidman BBA graduate will be skilled at locating, evaluating, and using information effectively. He/she will be able to:

- 6.1 Evaluate the credibility and usefulness of information.
- 6.2 Use information to answer a specific question or accomplish a specific purpose.
- 6.3 Demonstrate knowledge of reference materials, including business databases, academic search engines, and government websites.
- 6.4 Source information correctly.

Rubrics to Assess the BBA Learning Goals and Objectives Prior to Fall 2015

BBA Mock Interview Rubric (Goal 1.1)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Thoughtful Response	Most answers were superficial, confusing, evasive, long-winded, or rehearsed; or student was unable to answer	A noticeable number of answers were superficial, confusing, rehearsed, long- winded or evasive	Answered most questions directly and thoughtfully; occasionally stumbled or gave superficial, confusing, rehearsed, or longwinded answers	Answered questions directly and thoughtfully; was able to express ideas and be understood
Reasoning and Evidence	Offered little or no examples or evidence to back answers	Some answers were well-reasoned and backed by evidence and examples	Most answers were well-reasoned and backed by examples and evidence	Answers were well-reasoned and backed by examples and evidence that created credibility
Grammar and Vocabulary	Grammar and vocabulary contained many errors and poor choices	Noticeable amount of poor choices with grammar and vocabulary; was distracting	Acceptable grammar and vocabulary; may have used a few distracting words or sounds	Excellent and commanding grammar and vocabulary; no distracting words or sounds
Listening	Did not appear to be attentive and listening	Sometimes appeared uninterested or remote	Was mostly attentive and listened well	Was attentive and listened well
Degree of Interaction	Only spoke when questioned OR tried to completely dominate conversation	Noticeably dominated conversation OR was noticeably reticent	Interacted acceptably with interviewer; could have spoken a little more or a little less	Interacted well and appropriately with interviewer. Interview became a conversation
Expressiveness	Much too unexpressive OR much too expressive in responses and body language	Not enough expression OR too much expression in responses and body language	Could have occasionally been more or less expressive in responses and body language	Responses and body language were appropriately expressive
Humor	Lack of humor and anecdotes made the interview uninteresting	Some humor or anecdotes, but needed more	Included humor and anecdotes; lacking in a few places	Used humor and anecdotes to illustrate and liven up the interview

BBA Writing Skills Rubric (Goal 1.2)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Content Content Organization	Paper does not identify thesis or purpose. Analysis vague or missing. Reader is confused or misinformed Little semblance of logical organization. Reader cannot identify reasoning	Some analysis of a thesis or purpose. Reader gains few insights Writing is not logical and ideas sometime fail to make sense. Reader needs to work to figure out meaning	Basic analysis of a thesis or purpose. Reader gains sufficient insight Ideas are, for the most part, arranged logically and linked. Reader can follow most of the reasoning	Thoughtful and insightful analysis of a clearly presented thesis or purpose. Reader gains good insight Ideas arranged logically. Flow smoothly and are clearly linked. Reader can follow reasoning
Tone	Tone is not professional. It is inappropriate for audience and purpose	Tone is occasionally professional or occasionally appropriate for audience	Tone is generally professional and mostly appropriate for audience	Tone is consistently professional and appropriate for audience
Mechanics	Errors are so numerous that they obscure meaning	Writing has numerous errors and distracts the reader	Occasional errors in writing, but they don't represent a major distraction	Writing is free or almost free of errors
References	References are not or mostly not presented	Occasional and/or incomplete references are provided	Complete references are generally present	Sources of presented evidence are clearly and fairly represented
Format	No standardized format followed	Format of document reflects incomplete knowledge of standard	A recognized format is generally followed; a few mistakes	A recognized format is correctly followed

BBA Critical Thinking Rubric (Goals 2.1 - 2.4)

This goal was assessed using the Business Critical Thinking Skills Test. Consequently it is not supported by a rubric.

BBA Disciplinary Knowledge Rubric (Goals 3.1 - 3.2)

This goal was assessed using a multiple-choice test with questions contributed by the departments of management, finance, economics, marketing and accounting. Consequently it is not supported by a rubric.

BBA Strategy Rubric (Goals 4.1 – 4.3)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Assesses External Environment	Analysis is completely inadequate; several major external factors missing from analysis	Considers some external factors in analysis but misses one or two major ones	Includes most relevant external factors in analysis; may miss a few minor ones	Analyzes the external environment clearly and completely; identifies all important external factors (e.g. social, regulatory, political, cultural)
Assesses Internal Environment	Analysis is completely inadequate; several internal factors missing from analysis	Considers some internal factors in analysis but misses one or two major ones	Includes most relevant internal factors in analysis; may miss a few minor ones	Analyzes the internal environment clearly and completely; identifies all important external factors (e.g. WHAT)
Applies Models	Models are misapplied or not used	Attempts to use appropriate models but misses one or two major applications	Satisfactorily analyzes case using appropriate models; may miss minor applications	Accurately and completely analyzes case using appropriate models; identifies all applications between the model and the case material
Develops Strategic Options	Development of strategic options missing, incorrect, or superficial	Attempts to develop strategic options but analysis and defense are incomplete	Correctly develops, analyzes, and defends a limited number of strategic options	Thoughtfully develops, analyzes, and defends a suitable number of strategic options
Used Multiple Disciplines	Failed to draw from appropriate business disciplines when analyzing case	Drew from some of the appropriate business disciplines when analyzing case; there were major omissions	Drew from most of the appropriate business disciplines when analyzing case; a few minor omissions	Drew from all appropriate business disciplines when analyzing case

BBA Ethical Reasoning Rubric (Goals 5.1 - 5.4)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Values Clarification	Lists values but unable to offer any thoughtful defense of why they are important	Lists values but uses superficial reasoning to defend choices	Articulates values; offers acceptable explanation of why they are important to business behavior	Student can thoughtfully articulate and defend five or six values that should guide behavior in business
Identification of Ethical Issues	Identification of ethical concerns is sparse or missing	Identifies only some of the ethical concerns in a given problem/case. Omits a few major points	Identifies most of the ethical concerns in a given problem/case. May omit a few minor points	Completely and thoughtfully identifies all ethical concerns in a given problem/case
Stakeholder Identification	Identification of stakeholder is sparse or missing	Identifies only some of the stakeholder positions in a given problem/case. Omits a few major points	Identifies most of the stakeholder positions in a given problem/case. May omit a few minor points	Completely and thoughtfully identifies all stakeholder positions in a given problem/case
Application of Ethical Theory/Models	Application of ethical decision making models is sparse or missing	Application of ethical decision making models is superficial or incomplete	Good application of consequentialist, deontological and virtue ethical decision making models; may miss some details or nuances	Completely and thoughtfully applies consequentialist, deontological and virtue ethical decision models to problem

BBA Information Literacy Rubric (Goals 6.1 - 6.4)

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Seeks	Consults an insufficient	Gathers information from a	Gathers good information from a	Gathers optimal information from a
Information	number of quality sources.	limited range of sources; may rely too much on one kind of source		variety of quality electronic and print sources, including ABI Inform
Evaluates Information	Shows no evidence of understanding what information is useful or of good quality	Uses some quality sources, but uses too many that are poor or tangential.	Does a good job evaluating the quality and usefulness of sources.	Evaluates and selects only the best sources for usefulness and quality
Uses Information	Reaches conclusions that do not have enough support. Question or problem ineffectively resolved. Most necessary idea/points are missing	Conclusions could have been better supported. Question or problem minimally resolved. Some necessary ideas/points are missing	Uses information to draw appropriate conclusions, answer a question, or solve a problem. Some minor ideas/points are missing	Uses information effectively to draw appropriate conclusions, and optimally answer a question or solve a problem. All relevant ideas/points included
Sources Information	Materials are clearly plagiarized, either intentionally or through ignorance	Documentation is improperly constructed or absent body of paper and/or bibliography	Documents with care (in body of paper and bibliography) although a few errors are noted	All ideas, text and media are properly cited (in body of paper and bibliography), following a recognized style

BBA Assessment Calendar 2011-2016

BBA	2011-2015 Goals and Objectives*	F11	W12	F12	W13	F13	W14	F14	W15
1	EfFective Communicator								
	1.1 Effective Communication (dialogue)								
	1.2 Effective Communication (written)					X			
2	Critical Thinker								
3	Disciplinary Knowledge						X		
4	Business Environment			X					
5	Ethics						X		
6	Information Literacy			X					

^{*}All old goals and objectives can be found in the revised version below

BBA	2015-2016 Revised Goals and Objectives	F15	W16
1	Effective Business Communication		
	1.1 Locating Information	X	
	1.2 Effective Communication (written)	X	
	1.3 Effective Communication (oral)		
2	Functional Business Knowledge	X	X
3	Informed Decision Making		
	3.1 Analyze & Integrate SWOT in Business Decisions		X
	3.2 Integrate Global & Cultural Factors in Decision-Making		X
4	Ethics & Values	X	

Goal/Objective not assessed in the five year cycle

BBA Program Learning Goals and Objectives Assurance of Learning Progress Chart (2011 - 2015)

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings*	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(1) Effective Communicator	Engage in effective interpersonal dialogue.	Cycle 1 and Cycle 2 objective was not assessed				Until Fall 2009 professionals from the community assessed this objective using mock job interviews of senior business students. Mock interviews were discontinued after Fall 2009. This objective has not been assessed since. The objective was changed to oral presentations during the revision process in Winter 2015 for the following reasons (1) Training in "Interpersonal Dialogue" does not appear in any course common to all BBA students. (2) When mock interviews were conducted the number of interviews was small and assessed on student volunteers. The students least likely to perform well could avoid the assessment by not volunteering thereby making the results more likely to be biased towards the most accomplished interviewees. Accordingly the assessment was very limited in it's ability to measure the skill across the entire undergraduate student body.
	Organize written thoughts into a coherent narrative, free from grammar and mechanical problems.	Cycle 1 Fall 2013 MKT 350	Writing Sample	N = 95 Average scores ranged from 2.78 to 3.02. Between 66.6% and 83.9% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a fourpoint scale rubric	Results were shared with the MKT 350 faculty in Fall 2014.	While the students met the target for Content and Organization they did not meet the target for Tone, Mechanics, and Format. MKT 350 faculty decided to devote more class time to the weak areas.

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^{*} Target Performance: Average score of at least 3 and/or at least 70% of the students sampled perform at level 3 or above on the four-point scale rubric employ

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings*	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(2) Critical Thinking	Identify and evaluate a speaker/author's issues, conclusions, premises, and evidence. Identify fallacies in argument and thinking. Draw reasonable conclusions from presented evidence.	Cycle 1 and Cycle 2 goal was not assessed				This goal was last assessed in Fall 2010 in MGT 366 using the Business Critical Thinking Skills Test. Although the students performed in the 74 th to 84 th percentile, MGT 366, an operations management course, was not considered an appropriate choice as neither critical thinking is introduced nor is it reinforced in this course or any prior course that students take in the business school. How best to assess this goal remained a challenge for the college. Eventually this goal was changed during the revision process that took place in Winter 2015.
	Reason systematically in support of an argument with relevant support and examples.					
(3) Disciplinary Knowledge	Apply disciplinary knowledge to problem solving situations. Correctly answer questions about the basic concepts and principles in the areas of accounting, economics, finance, management and marketing.	Cycle 1 Winter 2014	Disciplinary Knowledge Multiple Choice Test given separately in selected core classes of each discipline (ACC, FIN, ECO, MKT, MGT).	N = 27 to 386 Business students' performance in each discipline's core classes with the exception of few concepts (such as bond and stock valuation in FIN, Positioning, Strategy and Marketing concepts in MKT, Market Structures, Market Failures and Efficiency in ECO, Motivation and Leadership in MGT) was satisfactory.	Results were shared with the core faculty in Fall 2014.	After the last assessment of this goal in 2009 a new methodology was adopted to assess disciplinary knowledge in this cycle. To incentivize students to take the test seriously, instead of giving one exam for all disciplines in the MGT 495 capstone course, the assessment was performed in each discipline's core classes with student's grade tied to their performance on the disciplinary knowledge test. FIN: An adhoc committee was formed to parse out material to reduce overlap and adjust the syllabus of record accordingly. A common textbook with a software package for homework management was selected for the core finance course. ACC: Performance on accounting concepts was satisfactory. No change recommended at this time.

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings*	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
						MKT: A common textbook was instituted for Marketing Management course so as to allow the department to communicate the topic deficiencies and the location of the associated text content to all instructors. ECO: A common textbook was adopted for the introductory micro and macro courses. All instructors were asked to align the coverage of topics in their courses in accordance to the syllabus of record. A comprehensive final exam was also made mandatory in each section of these courses. MGT: Standardized their core course also by adopting a common textbook. While students were incentivized, their performance could be gauged only by overall averages instead by specific competency areas. Also, given the nature of the test no benchmarking of SCB students with the performance of students at comparable, competitive and aspirant schools was possible. Consequently, the college decided to administer the ETS® Major Field Test in the MGT 495 Capstone course in the next assessment cycle.
(4) Business Environment	Identify and analyze an organization's external environment using frameworks and models to guide analysis. Identify and analyze an organization's internal environment using frameworks and models to guide analysis.	Cycle 1 Fall 2012 MGT 495	Case Study	N = 50 Average scores ranged from 2.92 to 3.2. Between 66% and 90% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a fourpoint scale rubric.	Results were shared with the MGT 495 faculty in Fall 2013.	Students are doing well in incorporating the core building blocks of business strategy. However, there is room for improvement in the next steps of their strategic analysis, which requires complex integration of ideas from different perspectives as well as using them to offer strategic alternatives. The MGT 495 will introduce more cases to address the identified weaknesses and share the rubric with the students to better convey expectations.

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings*	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
	Draw from multiple business disciplines when performing an analysis of the external and internal environment.					
(5) Ethical reasoning	Apply ethical theories and models to ethical problems. Identify the ethical concerns of a given business issue or problem.	Cycle I Winter 2014 ECO 440 FIN 330 MKT 375	Paper	N = 112 Average scores ranged from 2.9 to 3.35. Between 67.9% and 83% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a fourpoint scale rubric.	Results were shared with the faculty and Director of the Ethics Center in Fall 2014.	With the exception of application of ethical theory/models student performance on the remaining four traits assessed was satisfactory. Instructors will emphasize application of ethical theories and models in their courses by adding more examples.
	Identify stakeholders in an ethical decision.					
	Identify his/her own values and consciously employ those values in business decision- making.					

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(6) Information Literacy	Evaluate the credibility and usefulness of information. Use information to answer a specific question or accomplish a specific purpose. Demonstrate knowledge of reference materials, including business databases, academic search engines, and government websites. Source information correctly.	Cycle 1 Fall 2012 ECO 210	Exam	N = 521 79% of the students answered questions on sources and search strategies and APA citation and identifying plagiarism correctly. Student performance was however weak in understanding the difference between academic, trade and popular information sources and evaluating the credibility of the sources.	Results were shared with the Department of Economics faculty in Winter 2013	An economics faculty member received a teaching grant in Summer 2014 to develop assignments to assess information literacy in both introductory microeconomics and macroeconomics courses (ECO 200/210/211). Five assignments with notes and suggestions for faculty along with a four-point scale rubric were made available to the economics faculty on the department's blackboard site in Fall 2014. The choice of the assignment was left to the faculty teaching the introductory courses.

BBA Program Revised Learning Goals and Objectives Assurance of Learning Progress Chart (2015 - 2016)

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(1) Effective Business Communication	Skilled at locating, evaluating, and using information effectively.	Cycle 2 Fall 2015 ECO 210 ECO 211	Information Literacy Assignment	N = 311 Between 68.17%% to 87.46%% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a four- point scale rubric.	Results were shared with the economics faculty in Spring 2016	Student performance was satisfactory in all areas except on evaluating the sources of information. The Department of Economics plans to work with the library to make videos and other materials available to help students improve in this area.
	Will develop clear, concise and well-organized written communication.	Cycle 2 Fall 2015 MGT 495	Paper	N=107 Average scores ranged from 2.96 to 3.55. Between 68.96% to 96.26% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a fourpoint scale rubric.	Results will be shared with the faculty at a college wide AoL meeting on Sept 16, 2016	Student performance on citing references was weak. In two out of the three sections of MGT 495 mechanics and references were not assessed, which may have influenced the 2.96 average on references.
	Produce professional quality oral presentations.	Objective was not assessed				In Winter 2016 a Goal Assessment Team (GAT) was formed with the task of recommending how and where the oral presentation objective should be assessed. A challenge business faculty has faced in the past is that nowhere in the business core presentation skills are taught and reinforced. Since the BBA Core will be re-sequenced over the next academic year, the GAT made the following short term recommendation at the April 8, 2016 Faculty Senate Meeting. (1) Reclassify the Seidman electives so as to create room for an open elective. (2) The SOA currently encourages its students to take WRT 350: Business Communications.

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(2) Functional Business Knowledge	Apply disciplinary knowledge to problem solving situations.	Cycle 2 Fall 2015 Winter 2016 MGT 495	ETS® Major Field Test. Specific questions from the Major Field Test were chosen by representatives from each discipline to examine student's problem solving ability for this assessment.	N=123 (a total of 157 students took the test out of which 34 were ACC majors). Performance on each question is reported in terms of the percentage of students who answered the question correctly. 48.22% of Seidman business students answered the questions chosen correctly in comparison to 48.04% nationally. Since the scores are reported by item instead of by student, the performance of non-	Results will be shared with the faculty at a college wide AoL meeting on Sept 16, 2016.	Presentations are a major component of this course. In the next assessment cycle, run a pilot program by comparing performance of accounting students who take WRT 350 with those that don't to evaluate the efficacy of the course (3) To reinforce presentation skills Seidman should identify courses with a significant presentation component with a "PRES" designation. Students should be required to take at least one PRES course prior to graduation. (4) Refresher videos on presentation skills should be made available to students on Blackboard. (5) With presentation skills introduced in WRT 350, reinforced in PRES courses, they should be finally assessed in MGT 495 capstone course.

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			ACC Majors could not		
			be separated from that of		
			ACC majors.		
Demonstrate	Cycle 2	ETS® Major	Scores for the Major	Results will be	
proficiency in the basic	Fall 2015	Field Test	Field Tests are reported	shared with the	
concepts and principles	Winter 2016		on a scale of 120-200.	faculty at a	
across the disciplines.	MGT 495		The average score of	college wide	
			non-ACC majors was	AoL meeting	
			150.5, which was lower	on Sept 16, 2016.	
			than the performance of	5cpt 10, 2010.	
			ACC majors (average =		
			157.8) and comparable to		
			the performance of		
			students at our		
			competitive institutions		
			(average=150.9). In		
			terms of specific		
			discipline areas, the non-		
			ACC majors performed		
			either at par or better		
			than the competitive		
			group in accounting,		
			economics, finance,		
			marketing, legal & social		
			environment,		
			international business		
			and information systems.		
			The student performance		
			was marginally below		
			the competitive group in		
			management and		
			quantitative business		
			analysis.		
			unui y 515.		
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Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(3) Informed Decision Making	Analyze and integrate the impact of strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats in business decisions.	Cycle 1 Winter 2016 MGT 495	Paper	N = 150 Average scores ranged from 2.3 to 2.7. Between 38.7% to 57.3% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a fourpoint scale rubric.	Results will be shared with the faculty at a college wide AoL meeting on Sept 16, 2016.	Student performance was weak in all traits assessed by the rubric.
	Analyze and integrate the impact of global forces in business decisions.	Cycle 1 Winter 2016 MGT 495	Paper	N = 150 Average scores ranged from 1 to 2.2. Between 0% to 36% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a fourpoint scale rubric.	Results will be shared with the faculty at a college wide AoL meeting on Sept 16, 2016.	Student performance was very weak in all traits assessed by the rubric. Students struggled particularly with the identification of cultural factors in international settings using a cultural framework
(4) Ethics and Values	Apply ethical theories and models to ethical problems. Identify their own values and understand how value systems impact decisionmaking.	Cycle 2 Fall 2015 ECO 440	Paper	N = 57 Average scores of non-ACC students enrolled in the course ranged from 2.72 to 3.87. Between 59.65% to 100% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a four-point scale rubric.	Results will be shared with the faculty at a college wide AoL meeting on Sept 16, 016.	Student performance was weak in the area of values clarification.

MBA, FIMBA, EMBA

MBA, FIMBA Revised Learning Goals and Objectives, Effective 2015 EMBA Learning Goals and Objectives, Effective 2015

(1) Effective Business Communication

- 1.1 Students will develop clear, concise and well-organized written communications.
- 1.2 Students will develop and deliver effective presentations.

(2) Business Acumen and Strategic Decision Making

- 2.1 Students will demonstrate proficiency in core business knowledge/concepts.
- 2.2 Students will demonstrate proficiency in integrating business disciplines to solve problems and formulate strategic alternatives.

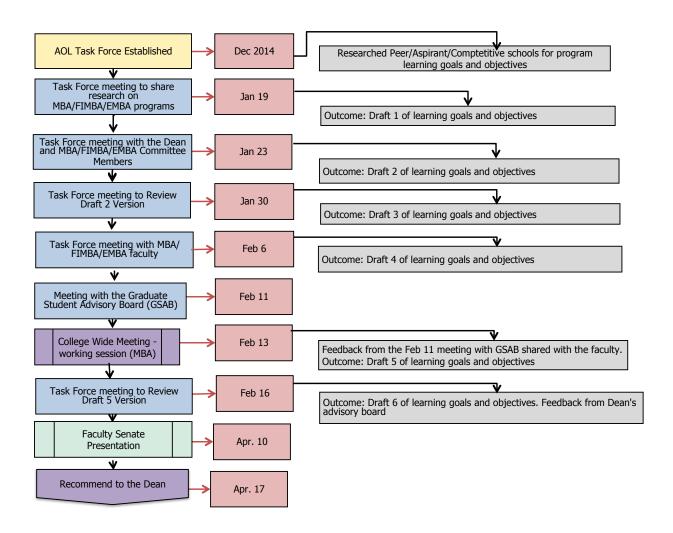
(3) Global and Inter-Cultural Competence

- 3.1 Students will identify and be sensitive to inter-cultural and global factors impacting business decision-making.
- 3.2 Students will integrate inter-cultural and global factors in problem solving and decision-making.

(4) Values Driven Leadership

- 4.1 Students will apply ethical models and theories to decision making.
- 4.2 Students will work effectively and collaboratively in a team towards a shared goal.
- 4.3 Students will articulate their own values-driven leadership philosophy.

Process Followed to Revise Learning Goals and Objectives



MBA Curriculum Map MBA Curriculum Map to Assess Revised Learning Goals and Objectives

Goals and Objectives\Course	ACC 611	BUS 610	BUS 631	BUS 671	BUS 677	ECO 641	FIN 621	MGT 660	MKT 651	BUS 681
1. Effective Business Communication										
1.1 Students will develop clear, concise and well- organized written communications			R, A	R, A	R, A	R				R, A
1.2 Students will develop and deliver effective presentations			R, A		R, A				R	R
2. Business Acumen and Strategic Decision Making										
2.1 Students will demonstrate proficiency in core business knowledge/concepts	I, R, A	I, R, A				I, R, A	I, R, A	I, R, A	I, R, A	
2.2 Students will demonstrate proficiency in integrating business disciplines to solve problems and formulate strategic alternatives				R, A						R, A
3. Global and Inter-Cultural Competence										
3.1 Students will identify and be sensitive to inter- cultural and global factors impacting business decision-making				I, R, A	R, A					
3.2 Students will integrate inter-cultural and global factors in problem solving and decision-making				I, R, A						
4. Values Driven Leadership										
4.1 Students will apply ethical models and theories to decision making					I, R, A					
4.2 Students will work effectively and collaboratively in a team towards a shared goal		R	I, R, A	R, A						R, A
4.3 Students will articulate their own values-driven leadership philosophy			I, R, A		R, A					

I = Introduced, R = Reinforced, A = Assessed

FIMBA Curriculum Map FIMBA Curriculum Map to Assess Revised Learning Goals and Objectives

Goals and Objectives\Course	MBA 601	MBA 603	MBA 604	MBA 615	MBA 634	MBA 642	MBA 677	MBA 685	MBA 690	BUS 671	BUS 681	LEAD 678	PD
1. Effective Business Communication													
1.1 Students will develop clear, concise and well-organized written communications	I			R		A							
1.2 Students will develop and deliver effective presentations				R						A	A		I, R
2. Business Acumen and Strategic Decision Making													
2.1 Students will demonstrate proficiency in core business knowledge/concepts	I	Ι	I	I, R, A									
2.2 Students will demonstrate proficiency in integrating business disciplines to solve problems and formulate strategic alternatives				I						A	A		
3. Global and Inter-Cultural Competence													
3.1 Students will identify and be sensitive to inter-cultural and global factors impacting business decision-making				I		R	R	A		A			I
3.2 Students will integrate inter-cultural and global factors in problem solving and decision-making				I		R				A			I, R
4. Values Driven Leadership													
4.1 Students will apply ethical models and theories to decision making							I, R, A						
4.2 Students will work effectively and collaboratively in a team towards a shared goal				R	A								I
4.3 Students will articulate their own values- driven leadership philosophy							I					A	

I = Introduced, R = Reinforced, A = Assessed

LEAD = Leadership, PD = Professional Development

EMBA Curriculum Map EMBA Curriculum Map to Assess the Learning Goals and Objectives Semester 1 – Fall 1

Goals and Objectives\Course	EMBA 601	EMBA 611	EMBA 641	EMBA 681	PD - DT	PD - CT
1. Effective Business Communication						
1.1 Students will develop clear, concise and well-organized written communications			R	I		A
1.2 Students will develop and deliver effective presentations			R	I		
2. Business Acumen and Strategic Decision Making						
2.1 Students will demonstrate proficiency in core business knowledge/concepts	A	A	A	I		
2.2 Students will demonstrate proficiency in integrating business disciplines to solve problems and formulate strategic alternatives				I		
3. Global and Inter-Cultural Competence						
3.1 Students will identify and be sensitive to inter-cultural and global factors impacting business decision-making			R	I, R		I
3.2 Students will integrate inter-cultural and global factors in problem solving and decision-making				I	R	
4. Values Driven Leadership						
4.1 Students will apply ethical models and theories to decision making		R		I		
4.2 Students will work effectively and collaboratively in a team towards a shared goal	R	R	R	I	R	R
4.3 Students will articulate their own values-driven leadership philosophy						I

I = Introduced, R = Reinforced, A = Assessed

PD = Professional Development

DT = Design Thinking

CT = Content Integration

EMBA Curriculum Map to Assess the Learning Goals and Objectives Semester 2 – Winter 1

Goals and Objectives\Course	EMBA 621	EMBA 651	EMBA 652	EMBA 667	EMBA 675	PD - CT 2
1. Effective Business Communication						
1.1 Students will develop clear, concise and well-organized written communications		R				
1.2 Students will develop and deliver effective presentations						
2. Business Acumen and Strategic Decision Making						
2.1 Students will demonstrate proficiency in core business knowledge/concepts	A	A			A	
2.2 Students will demonstrate proficiency in integrating business disciplines to solve problems and formulate strategic alternatives		R				
3. Global and Inter-Cultural Competence						
3.1 Students will identify and be sensitive to inter-cultural and global factors impacting business decision-making						R
3.2 Students will integrate inter-cultural and global factors in problem solving and decision-making						R
4. Values Driven Leadership						
4.1 Students will apply ethical models and theories to decision making	R					
4.2 Students will work effectively and collaboratively in a team towards a shared goal	R	R	R	R	R	R
4.3 Students will articulate their own values-driven leadership philosophy						

I = Introduced, R = Reinforced, A = Assessed

PD = Professional Development

CT = Content Integration

EMBA Curriculum Map to Assess the Learning Goals and Objectives Semester 3 – Fall 2

Goals and Objectives\Course	EMBA 610	EMBA 626	EMBA 635	EMBA 679	EMBA 682	PD - CT 3	PD Action Learning Project
1. Effective Business Communication							
1.1 Students will develop clear, concise and well-organized written communications			R	R	R		
1.2 Students will develop and deliver effective presentations			R	R	R		
2. Business Acumen and Strategic Decision Making							
2.1 Students will demonstrate proficiency in core business knowledge/concepts	R	A		R	R		
2.2 Students will demonstrate proficiency in integrating business disciplines to solve problems and formulate strategic alternatives	R			R	R		
3. Global and Inter-Cultural Competence							
3.1 Students will identify and be sensitive to inter-cultural and global factors impacting business decision-making				R	R		
3.2 Students will integrate inter-cultural and global factors in problem solving and decision-making				R	R		
4. Values Driven Leadership							
4.1 Students will apply ethical models and theories to decision making	R		R	R	R		
4.2 Students will work effectively and collaboratively in a team towards a shared goal	R	R	R	R	R	R	
4.3 Students will articulate their own values-driven leadership philosophy							

I = Introduced, R = Reinforced, A = Assessed

PD = Professional Development

CT = Content Integration

EMBA Curriculum Map to Assess the Learning Goals and Objectives Semester 4 – Winter 2

Goals and Objectives\Course	EMBA 678	EMBA 683	PD - CT 3	PD Action Learning Project
1. Effective Business Communication				
1.1 Students will develop clear, concise and well-organized written communications				A
1.2 Students will develop and deliver effective presentations				A
2. Business Acumen and Strategic Decision Making				
2.1 Students will demonstrate proficiency in core business knowledge/concepts				R
2.2 Students will demonstrate proficiency in integrating business disciplines to solve problems and formulate strategic alternatives		A		R
3. Global and Inter-Cultural Competence				
3.1 Students will identify and be sensitive to inter-cultural and global factors impacting business decision-making	R	A	R, A	R
3.2 Students will integrate inter-cultural and global factors in problem solving and decision-making	R	A		R
4. Values Driven Leadership				
4.1 Students will apply ethical models and theories to decision making	A	R		R
4.2 Students will work effectively and collaboratively in a team towards a shared goal	R	R	R	A
4.3 Students will articulate their own values-driven leadership philosophy	A		R	

I = Introduced, R = Reinforced, A = Assessed

PD = Professional Development

CT = Content Integration

Rubrics to Assess the Revised Learning Goals and Objectives MBA and FIMBA, and EMBA

MBA Written Communication Rubric (Goal 1.1)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Content	Paper does not identify thesis or purpose. Analysis vague or missing. Reader is confused or misinformed	Some analysis of a thesis or purpose. Reader gains few insights	Basic analysis of a thesis or purpose. Reader gains some insights	Thoughtful and insightful analysis of a clearly presented thesis or purpose. Reader gains insight
Organization	Little semblance of logical organization. Reader cannot identify reasoning	Writing is not always logical and ideas sometime fail to make sense. Reader needs to work to figure out meaning	Ideas are, for the most part, arranged logically and linked. Reader can follow most of the reasoning	Ideas arranged logically, flow smoothly and are clearly linked. Reader can follow reasoning
Tone	Tone is not professional. It is inappropriate for audience and purpose	Tone is occasionally professional or occasionally appropriate for audience	Tone is generally professional and mostly appropriate for audience	Tone is consistently professional and appropriate for audience
Mechanics	Errors are so numerous that they obscure meaning	Writing has numerous errors and distracts the reader	Occasional errors in writing, but they don't represent a major distraction	Writing is free or almost free of errors
Style (Including References)	Format is not recognizable	Format of document reflects incomplete knowledge of standard	A standard format is used with minor violations	A standard format is used accurately and consistently

MBA Effective Presentation Rubric (Goal 1.2)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Organization	Presentation is very disorganized; little flow; vague; difficult to understand	Presentation is confusing and disorganized in a number of places; disconnected or choppy; takes some effort to follow	Presentation flows smoothly with occasional confusion or rough patches between ideas	Presentation is smooth, polished and organized; flows well
Delivery	Presenter is very uncomfortable; speech is rushed, slow or inarticulate; style is distracting or annoying	Presenter is somewhat uncomfortable or nervous; limited expression; noticeable use of filler words (uhs, likes) or pauses	Presenter is generally comfortable; somewhat polished; minor use of filler words (uhs, likes) or pauses	Presenter is very comfortable; speaks clearly and expressively; words and sentences flow
Content	Points not clear; irrelevant information does not support ideas; listeners gain little	Information is confusing in places; too much or too little information; listener gains a few insights	Sufficient information; many good points made; some areas lacking; listener gains adequate insight	Abundance of material; points clearly made; evidence supports; listeners gain insight
Communication Aids	Communication aids are poorly prepared and/or distracting, or nonexistent	Commutation aids marginally prepared; do not support presentation well	Professional communication aids, but not varied; may use too many/too few	Appropriate, varied, and professional communication aids enhance presentation
Nonverbals	Reads entire report, making no eye contact with audience	Reads most of report; makes occasional eye contact	Maintains eye contact, but returns to notes frequently	Maintains eye contact throughout presentation; seldom returns to notes

MBA Business Acumen and Strategic Decision Making (Goals 2.1 - 2.2)

This goal was assessed using the *ETS*[®] Major Field Test. Consequently it is not supported by a rubric.

MBA Global and Inter-Cultural Competence Rubric (Goals 3.1 - 3.2)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Global Factors	No or almost no identification of global factors in case analysis	Identified only a few relevant global factors in case analysis	Identified most of the relevant global factors in case analysis	Identified all of the relevant global factors in case analysis
Inter-Cultural Factors	No or almost no identification of inter-cultural factors in case analysis	Identify only a few relevant inter- cultural factors in case analysis	Identify most of the relevant inter- cultural factors in case analysis	Identify all of the relevant inter- cultural factors in case analysis
Analysis of Global and Inter- Cultural Factors	No or almost no analysis of impact of relevant global and inter-cultural factors in case analysis	Some analysis of impact of global and inter-cultural factors in case analysis. Omits a few major points	Good analysis of impact of global and inter-cultural factors in case analysis. Omits a few minor points.	Clear, thorough and accurate analysis of impact of global and inter- cultural factors in case analysis
Develops Strategic Options by Integrating Global and Inter- cultural Factors	Development of strategic options missing, incorrect or superficial	Attempts to develop strategic options but analysis and defense are incomplete	Correctly develops, analyzes and defends a limited number of strategic options.	Thoughtfully develops, analyzes and defends a suitable number of strategic options

MBA Ethical Decision Making Rubric (Goal 4.1)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Values Clarification	Lists values but unable to offer any thoughtful defense of why they are important	Lists values but uses superficial reasoning to defend choices	Articulates values and offers acceptable explanation of their importance to business behavior	Thoughtfully articulates and defends important values that should guide behavior in given business cases
Identification of Ethical Issues	Identification of ethical concerns is sparse or missing	Identifies only some of the ethical concerns in a given problem/case. Omits a few major points	Identifies many of the ethical concerns in a given problem/case. May omit a few minor points	Comprehensively and thoughtfully identifies most of the ethical concerns in a given problem/case
Stakeholder Identification	Identification of stakeholder is sparse or missing	Identifies only some stakeholder positions in a given problem/case. Omits a few major points	Identifies and prioritizes many of the stakeholder positions in a given problem/case. May omit a few minor points	Comprehensively and thoughtfully identifies and prioritizes most of the stakeholder positions in a given problem/case
Application of Ethical Theory/Models	Application of ethical decision making models is sparse or missing	Application of ethical decision making models is superficial or incomplete	Good grasp of the principles of consequentialist, deontological and virtue ethical decision making models and how they might be used in ethical decision-making; may miss some details or nuances	Shows comprehensive grasp of the three major normative theories, and mastery of at least one. Thoughtful demonstration of their value to ethical decision- making
Personal Voice and Action	Approach/plan about how to confront unethical behavior is unrealistic or missing	Approach/plan about how to confront unethical behavior fails to consider some important points or conditions	Developed a plausible and defensible plan about how to confront unethical behavior in a given situation; missed some minor considerations	Developed a compelling and thoughtful plan about how to confront unethical behavior in a given situation

MBA Teamwork Rubric (Goal 4.2)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Contribution	Rarely contributes/shares their 1. Time 2. Ideas 3. Experience(s)	Sometimes contributes/shares their 1. Time 2. Ideas 3. Experience(s)	Frequently contributes/shares their 1. Time 2. Ideas 3. Experience(s)	Always contributes/shares their 1. Time 2. Ideas 3. Experience(s)
Preparation	Rarely prepared to work with the team	Sometimes prepared to work with the team	Frequently prepared to work with the team	Always prepared to work with the team
Collaboration	Rarely supports others with achieving team goals and objectives	Sometimes supports others with achieving team goals and objectives	Frequently supports others with achieving team goals and objectives	Always supports others with achieving team goals and objectives
Communications	Rarely provides open and clear communication	Sometimes provides open and clear communication	Frequently provides open and clear communication	Always provides open and clear communication
Constructive Climate: Guidelines	Rarely supports a constructive team climate by supporting guidelines	Sometimes supports a constructive team climate by supporting guidelines	Frequently supports a constructive team climate by supporting guidelines	Always supports a constructive team climate by supporting guidelines
Constructive Climate: Challenge	Rarely supports a constructive team climate by challenging assumptions guidelines	Sometimes supports a constructive team climate by challenging assumptions guidelines	Frequently supports a constructive team climate by challenging assumptions guidelines	Always supports a constructive team climate by challenging assumptions guidelines
Responds to Feedback Constructively	Rarely responds to feedback constructively	Sometimes responds to feedback constructively	Frequently responds to feedback constructively	Always responds to feedback constructively

MBA Values-Driven Leadership Rubric (Goal 4.3)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Fosters Action Towards Achievement of Organizational Goals	Is not able to exhibit an understanding of the impact of change within and outside the organization and translate it into a coherent action plan	Has limited understanding of and difficulty analyzing the impact of change within and outside the organization and translate into a coherent action plan	Understands and with minor difficulty analyzes the impact of change within and outside the organization and translate it into a coherent action plan	Is able to analyze the impact of change within and outside the organization and translate it into a coherent action plan
Personal and Social Responsibility	Identifies basic ethical dimensions of some local or national decisions that have impact on human systems	Explains the ethical, social, and environmental consequences of local and national decisions on human systems	Analyzes the ethical, social, and environmental consequences of human systems and identifies a range of actions informed by one's sense of personal and social responsibility	Takes informed and responsible action to address ethical, social and environmental challenges in human systems and evaluates the local and broader consequences of individual and collective interventions
Knowledge of Self as a Leader	Has very limited sense of own leadership capacity and has done very little self-examination related to personal leadership style, vision, and values	Has a beginning sense of own leadership capacity based on some basic examination of personal leadership style, vision, and values	Can articulate some facets of own leadership capacity based on some examination of personal leadership style, vision, and values	Can clearly articulate own leadership capacity based on a thorough examination of personal leadership style, vision, and values

MBA Learning Goals and Objectives Prior to Fall 2015

(1) Seidman MBA graduates will be effective communicators. They will be able to

- 1.1 write focused papers that draw on multiple sources to articulate complex ideas.
- 1.2 organize written thoughts into a coherent narrative.
- 1.3 deliver an effective formal presentation.

(2) Seidman MBA graduates will be critical and analytical thinkers. They will be able to

- 2.1 clearly state conclusion and show how it emerged from the evidence; correctly identify need for further evidence.
- 2.2 identify and describe appropriate main issue; recognize priorities among claims.
- 2.3 completely and thoughtfully identify and correctly rank strong and relevant counterarguments.
- 2.4 correctly identify and rank all the salient premises to support the claim.
- 2.5 correctly and completely challenge oppositions' claims, acknowledge merit when it exists.

(3) Seidman MBA graduates will be prepared to recognize and respond to ethical questions encountered in the practice of business. They will be able to

- 3.1 apply ethical models and theories to decision making.
- 3.2 identify the impact of a business action on external constituents.
- 3.3 identify the ethical concerns and consequences of a business situation or problem.
- 3.4 identify trade-offs and make a business decisions consistent with stated values.

(4) Seidman MBA graduates will be proficient at finding and using information. They will be able to

- 4.1 acquire the needed information from a variety of credible sources.
- 4.2 determine the nature and extent of information needed to answer a specific business question or accomplish a specific business purpose.
- 4.3 evaluate information to determine what is useful and credible.
- 4.4 source information correctly.

(5) Seidman MBA graduates will be internationally literate. They will be able to

- 5.1 incorporate cultural issues into the analysis of a business situation.
- 5.2 evaluate the business competitiveness of another country.
- 5.3 identify global opportunities and threats of a business scenario.

(6) Seidman MBA graduates will be effective leaders in business organizations. They will be able to

- 6.1 comprehensively and candidly self-assess major strengths and weaknesses.
- 6.2 incorporate feedback and create an effective climate in the face of ambiguity and change.
- 6.3 assess the contexts of problems as a whole and understand interrelationships.
- 6.4 demonstrate leadership in a transparent framework.
- 6.5 work effectively with impact and influence.

(7) Seidman MBA graduates will be skilled in strategic analysis. They will be able to

- 7.1 accurately and completely analyzes case using appropriate models.
- 7.2 assess an organization's competitive position and determine its competitive advantage and whether it is sustainable.
- 7.3 assess an organization's external environment using frameworks and models to guide analysis.
- 7.4 assess an organization's internal environment using frameworks and models to guide analysis.
- 7.5 devise strategic options for an organization, identifying the advantages and disadvantages of each option.

Rubrics to Assess the MBA Learning Goals and Objectives Prior to Fall 2015 MBA Written Communication Rubric (Goals 1.1 - 1.2)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Content	Paper does not identify thesis or purpose. Analysis vague or missing. Reader is confused or misinformed	Some analysis of a thesis or purpose. Reader gains few insights	Basic analysis of a thesis or purpose. Reader gains some insights	Thoughtful and insightful analysis of a clearly presented thesis or purpose. Reader gains insight
Organization	Little semblance of logical organization. Reader cannot identify reasoning	Writing is not always logical and ideas sometime fail to make sense. Reader needs to work to figure out meaning	Ideas are, for the most part, arranged logically and linked. Reader can follow most of the reasoning	Ideas arranged logically, flow smoothly and are clearly linked. Reader can follow reasoning
Tone	Tone is not professional. It is inappropriate for audience and purpose	Tone is occasionally professional or occasionally appropriate for audience	Tone is generally professional and mostly appropriate for audience	Tone is consistently professional and appropriate for audience
Mechanics	Errors are so numerous that they obscure meaning	Writing has numerous errors and distracts the reader	Occasional errors in writing, but they don't represent a major distraction	Writing is free or almost free of errors
Style (Including References)	Format is not recognizable	Format of document reflects incomplete knowledge of standard	A standard format is used with minor violations	A standard format is used accurately and consistently

MBA Formal Presentation Rubric (Goal 1.3)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Organization	Presentation is very disorganized; little flow; vague; difficult to understand	Presentation is confusing and disorganized in a number of places; disconnected or choppy; takes some effort to follow	Presentation flows smoothly with occasional confusion or rough patches between ideas	Presentation is smooth, polished and organized; flows well
Delivery	Presenter is very uncomfortable; speech is rushed, slow or inarticulate; style is distracting or annoying	Presenter is somewhat uncomfortable or nervous; limited expression; noticeable use of filler words (uhs, likes) or pauses	Presenter is generally comfortable; somewhat polished; minor use of filler words (uhs, likes) or pauses	Presenter is very comfortable; speaks clearly and expressively; words and sentences flow
Content	Points not clear; irrelevant information does not support ideas; listeners gain little	Information is confusing in places; too much or too little information; listener gains a few insights	Sufficient information; many good points made; some areas lacking; listener gains adequate insight	Abundance of material; points clearly made; evidence supports; listeners gain insight
Communication Aids	Communication aids are poorly prepared and/or distracting, or nonexistent	Commutation aids marginally prepared; do not support presentation well	Professional communication aids, but not varied; may use too many/too few	Appropriate, varied, and professional communication aids enhance presentation
Nonverbals	Reads entire report, making no eye contact with audience	Reads most of report; makes occasional eye contact	Maintains eye contact, but returns to notes frequently	Maintains eye contact throughout presentation; seldom returns to notes
Creativity	No creativity at all. Audience lost interest	Mostly presented information with little imagination; audience frequently bored	Some interesting twists; held attention most of the time	Involved audience; made points in a creative way; held attention throughout

MBA Critical Thinking Rubric (Goals 2.1 - 2.5)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Quality of Evidence	Merely repeats information provided or denies evidence with no justification. Confuses facts with inference, opinion, and value judgment	Superficially evaluates evidence and sources. Often substitutes opinion and values judgment for fact and inference	Adequately evaluates the evidence and sources of evidence. Can usually distinguish between fact, inference, opinion, and value judgment	Completely evaluates the evidence and sources of evidence. Can distinguish between fact, inference, opinion and value judgment
Supports Arguments	Cannot articulate a position or offers no supporting evidence	Able to support a position with some evidence	Able to support a position with adequate information and few, if any, logical fallacies	Able to support a position with a substantial amount of information, little or no bias, and valid arguments
Uses Models	Models are misapplied or not used	Attempts to use appropriate models, but gives attention to only the most significant connections	Satisfactorily analyzes case using appropriate models; misses minor connections	Accurately and completely analyzes case using appropriate models; finds all connections between the material and the models
Recognizes Alternatives	Is largely unable to recognize alternative solutions or viewpoints	Recognizes a few alternative solutions or viewpoints; dismisses them without justification	Recognizes alternative solutions or viewpoints; gives them some consideration	Recognizes all plausible alternative viewpoints or solutions; completely considers each one before choosing

MBA Ethical Reasoning Rubric (Goals 3.1 - 3.4)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Values Clarification	Lists values but unable to offer any thoughtful defense of why they are important	Lists values but uses superficial reasoning to defend choices	Articulates values and offers acceptable explanation of their importance to business behavior	Thoughtfully articulates and defends important values that should guide behavior in given business cases
Identification of Ethical Issues	Identification of ethical concerns is sparse or missing	Identifies only some of the ethical concerns in a given problem/case. Omits a few major points	Identifies many of the ethical concerns in a given problem/case. May omit a few minor points	Comprehensively and thoughtfully identifies most of the ethical concerns in a given problem/case
Stakeholder Identification	Identification of stakeholder is sparse or missing	Identifies only some stakeholder positions in a given problem/case. Omits a few major points	Identifies and prioritizes many of the stakeholder positions in a given problem/case. May omit a few minor points	Comprehensively and thoughtfully identifies and prioritizes most of the stakeholder positions in a given problem/case
Application of Ethical Theory/Models	Application of ethical decision making models is sparse or missing	Application of ethical decision making models is superficial or incomplete	Good grasp of the principles of consequentialist, deontological and virtue ethical decision making models and how they might be used in ethical decision-making; may miss some details or nuances	Shows comprehensive grasp of the three major normative theories, and mastery of at least one. Thoughtful demonstration of their value to ethical decision- making
Personal Voice and Action	Approach/plan about how to confront unethical behavior is unrealistic or missing	Approach/plan about how to confront unethical behavior fails to consider some important points or conditions	Developed a plausible and defensible plan about how to confront unethical behavior in a given situation; missed some minor considerations	Developed a compelling and thoughtful plan about how to confront unethical behavior in a given situation

MBA Information Literacy Rubric (Goals 4.1 - 4.4)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Determines Information Needs	Shows no evidence of being able to discern what kinds of information is needed	Discerns some of the information needed to accomplish a specific purpose, but there are several omissions	Mostly discerns the information needed to accomplish a specific purpose; a few minor omissions	Completely discerns the information needed to accomplish a specific purpose
Gathers Information	Consults an insufficient number of quality sources	Gathers information from a limited range of sources; may rely too much on one kind of source or on general web searches	Gathers good information from a variety of sources, including subscription databases; may have missed a few	Gathers optimal information from a variety of quality electronic and print sources, including subscription databases
Evaluates Information	Shows no evidence of understanding what information is useful or of good quality	Uses some quality sources, but uses too many that are poor or tangential	Does a good job evaluating the quality, credibility, and usefulness of sources	Evaluates and selects only the best sources for credibility, usefulness, and quality
Sources Information	Materials are clearly plagiarized, either intentionally or through ignorance	Documentation is improperly constructed or absent body of paper and/or bibliography	Documents with care (in body of paper and bibliography) although a few errors are noted	All ideas, text and media are properly cited (in body of paper and bibliography), following a recognized style

MBA International Literacy Rubric (Goals 5.1 - 5.3)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Cultural Issues	No or almost no understanding of cultural differences or issues in case analysis	Incorporated only a few relevant cultural differences or issues in case analysis	Incorporated most of the relevant cultural differences or issues in case analysis	Incorporated all of the relevant cultural differences or issues in case analysis
Global Threats and Opportunities	No or almost no identification of global threats and opportunities in case analysis	Identified only a few relevant global threats and opportunities in case analysis	Identified most of the relevant global threats and opportunities in case analysis	Identified all of the relevant global threats and opportunities in case analysis
Country Competitiveness	No or almost no identification of factors that determine country competitiveness	Identified only a few factors that determine country competitiveness	Identified most of the factors that determine country competitiveness	Identified all of the factors that determine country competitiveness

MBA Organizational Behavior and Leadership Rubric (Goals 6.1 - 6.5)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
	Assessment is	Organizational	Organizational	Organizational
Comprehensive	perfunctory.	assessment is	assessment is	assessment is
Assessment of	Most organization	incomplete.	mostly complete.	complete.
	behaviors are not	Has major	Has minor	Has all components
Organization	analyzed and it is	components	-	
	not a candid	missing and not missing and is		analyzed and is
	assessment	very candid	fairly candid	very candid
	Assessment is	Leadership	Leadership	Leadership
	perfunctory.	assessment is	assessment is	assessment is
Comprehensive	Most leadership	incomplete.	mostly complete.	complete.
Assessment of	behaviors are not	Have major	Has minor	Has all
Leadership	analyzed and it is	components	components	components
1	not a candid	missing and not	missing and is	analyzed and is
	assessment	very candid	fairly candid	very candid
Assessing	Does not approach	Approaches only	Approaches almost	Approaches all
Context of	issues in a holistic	some issues in a	all issues in a	issues in a holistic
Problems as a	manner and does	holistic manner	holistic manner	manner and
Whole and	not understand the	and understand	and understand	understand all the
Understanding	major inter-	only some of the	most of the	complex inter-
Interrelationships	relationships	inter-relationships complex inter-		relationships
interretationships			relationships	
Develops	Is not effective in	Is somewhat	Is quite effective in	Is very effective
Effective	developing	effective in	developing	in developing
Organizational	alternatives or	developing	alternatives and	alternatives and
Alternatives and	implementation	alternatives or	implementation	implementation
Recommends	plan	implementation	plan	plan
Clearly Defined		plan		
Implementation				
Plan				
	Does not	Incorporates some	Incorporates most	Incorporates all
	incorporate	feedback and	relevant feedback	relevant feedback
Incorporating	adequate feedback	develops some part	and develops most	and develops all
Feedback and	and does not	of the organization	of the organization	the organization to
Creating an	develop the	to respond	to respond	respond very
Effective Climate	organization to	effectively to	effectively to	effectively to
for Change	respond effectively	change	change	change
	to change			

MBA Strategy Rubric (Goals 7.1 - 7.5)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Assesses External Environment	Analysis is completely inadequate; several major external factors missing from analysis	Considers some external factors in analysis but misses one or two major ones	Includes most relevant external factors in analysis; may miss a few minor ones	Analyzes the external environment clearly and completely; identifies all important external factors (e.g. social, regulatory, political, cultural)
Assesses Internal Environment	Analysis is completely inadequate; several internal factors missing from analysis	Considers some internal factors in analysis but misses one or two major ones	Includes most relevant internal factors in analysis; may miss a few minor ones	Analyzes the internal environment clearly and completely; identifies all important external factors (e.g. WHAT)
Assesses Competitive Position	Analysis of competitive position, competitive advantage, and competitive sustainability is superficial or extremely incomplete	Analysis of competitive position, advantage, and sustainability misses one or two major considerations	Satisfactorily analyzed completive position, advantage, and sustainability; May have missed a few minor considerations	Completely and correctly analyzes competitive position, competitive advantage, and competitive sustainability
Applies Models	Models are misapplied or not used	Attempts to use appropriate models but misses one or two major applications	Satisfactorily analyzes case using appropriate models; may miss minor applications	Accurately and completely analyzes case using appropriate models; identifies all applications between the model and the case material
Develops Strategic Options	Development of strategic options missing, incorrect, or superficial	Attempts to develop strategic options but analysis and defense are incomplete	Correctly develops, analyzes, and defends a limited number of strategic options	Thoughtfully develops, analyzes, and defends a suitable number of strategic options

MBA Assessment Calendar 2011-2016

MBA	2011-2015 Goals and Objectives*	F11	W12	F12	W13	F13	W14	F14	W15
1	Effective Communicators								
	1.1 & 1.2 Written Communication					X			
	1.3 Formal Presentation			X					
2	Critical Thinking								
3	Ethical Reasoning				X				
4	Information Literacy		X						X
5	International Literacy								X
6	Effective Leaders	X						X	
7	Strategic Analysis	X						X	

^{*}All prior goals and objectives can be found in the revised version below

MBA	2015-2016 Revised Goals and Objectives	F15	W16
1	Effective Business Communication		
	1.1 Effective Communication (written)	X	
	1.2 Effective Communication (oral)	X	
2	Business Acumen & Strategy		
3	Global & Inter-Cultural Competence		X
4	Values Driven Leadership		
	4.1 Ethics	X	
	4.2 Team work		
	4.3 Leadership		

Goal/Objective not assessed in the five year cycle New goal

MBA Program Learning Goals and Objectives MBA - Assurance of Learning Progress Chart (2011 - 2015)

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(1) Effective Communicators	Write focused papers that draw on multiple sources to articulate complex ideas. Organize written thoughts into a coherent narrative.	Cycle 1 Fall 2013 BUS 681	Assignment	N = 20 Average scores ranged from 2.45 to 3.2. Between 40% and 95% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a four-point scale rubric.	Results were shared with the BUS 681 faculty, MBA Committee and Chair of the Management Department in Fall 2014.	The students performed satisfactorily on content, organization and tone but poorly on mechanics and style. Faculty will provide more writing assignments and periodic feedback. They will also share the rubric with the students to convey the expectations better.
	Deliver an effective formal presentation.	Cycle 1 Fall 2012 MGT 669	Presentation	N = 11 Average scores ranged from 2.8 to 3.5. Between 73% and 100% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a four-point scale rubric.	Results were shared with the MGT 669 faculty, MBA Committee and Chair of the Management Department in Fall 2013.	As the results were overall strong no action is recommended at this time.
(2) Critical Thinking	Clearly state conclusion and show how it emerged from the evidence; correctly identify need for further evidence. Identify and describe appropriate main issue; recognize priorities among claims.	Cycle 1 and Cycle 2 goal was not assessed				In the past this goal has been assessed in multiple courses (for instance, BUS 681: Strategy, BUS 671: Global Competitiveness) using measures such as a strategy case and multiple assignments. Student performance on all past assessments was weak. In Winter 2014, the MBA Committee recommended changing the goal and adapting the rubric to better reflect the material taught in strategic management. The argument being that Goal 7 (Strategic Analysis), Goal 5 (International Literacy), Goal 4 (proficiency at finding and using information) and Goal 3 (Ethical Decision Making) all have objectives that contain aspects of

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
	Completely and thoughtfully identify and correctly rank strong and relevant counter-arguments. Correctly identify and rank all the salient premises to support the claim. Correctly and completely challenge oppositions' claims, acknowledge merit when it exists.					critical thinking and decision-making. There is a substantial overlap between these skills and critical thinking skills. Moreover, faculty expressed significant concern over the vagueness of the goal and the means by which to assess it. These concerns were taken into consideration when the program goals and objectives were revised in Winter 2015.
(3) Ethical Reasoning	Apply ethical models and theories to decision making. Identify the impact of a business action on external constituents. Identify the ethical concerns and consequences of a business situation or problem. Identify trade-offs and make a business decisions consistent with stated values.	Cycle I Winter 2013 BUS 677	Ethics Case	N = 50 Average scores ranged from 3.3 to 3.6. Between 94% and 98% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a four-point scale rubric.	Results were shared with the BUS 677 faculty, MBA Committee, Director of the Seidman College of Business - Koeze Business Ethics Initiative and Chair of the Management Department in Fall 2014.	Student performance is strong. No action is recommended at this time. The Seidman College of Business - Koeze Business Ethics Initiative will continue to conduct ethics workshop for faculty with an emphasis on teaching ethics across the curriculum.

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(4) Information Literacy	Acquire the needed information from a variety of credible sources. Determine the nature and extent of information needed to answer a specific business question or accomplish a specific business purpose.	Cycle 1 Winter 2012 ECO 641	Assessment of Businesses	N = 12 Average scores ranged from 3.17 to 3.83. Between 91.7% and 100% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a fourpoint scale rubric.	Results were shared with the ECO 641 faculty, MBA Committee and Chair of the Economics Department in Fall 2013.	As the results were overall strong no action is recommended at this time.
	Evaluate information to determine what is useful and credible. Source information correctly.	Cycle 2 Winter 2015 ECO 641	Information Literacy Assignment	N = 18 Average scores ranged from 2.28 to 2.78. Between 33.3% and 66.7% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a fourpoint scale rubric.	Results were shared with the Seidman faculty at the college wide AoL meeting on Nov 20, 2015.	Although the faculty teaching ECO 641 provided clear and very detailed instructions, student performance was extremely weak. With 10% weightage placed on the information literacy assignment students did not take the exercise seriously. For the next assessment, the plan is to include a component on information literacy in the course project, which is worth a bigger portion of the student's grade in the hopes of a better outcome.
(5) International Literacy	Incorporate cultural issues into the analysis of a business situation. Evaluate the business competitiveness of another country. Identify global opportunities and threats of a business scenario.	Cycle 1 Winter 2015 BUS 671	International Business Case	N = 36 Average scores ranged from 2.85 to 3.65. Between 54% and 100% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a four-point scale rubric.	Results were shared with the Seidman faculty at the college wide AoL meeting on Nov 20, 2015.	 Improvement is needed to help students learn to Identify Cultural Issues within a business decision-making situation. Following the college wide meeting, the plan to improve BUS 671 is as follows: Spend up to another three contact hours, bringing the total contact hours to six, specifically teaching models and theories of national cultural differences and how to use them to gain cultural competency in business decision-making. Apply the knowledge in the six contact hours, above, to at least two discussion cases and/or exercises so that students can practice and improve their cultural competency.

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(6) Leadership Skills	Comprehensively and candidly self-assess major strengths and weaknesses. Incorporate feedback and create an effective climate in the face of ambiguity and change. Assess the contexts of problems as a whole and understand interrelationships.	Cycle 1 Fall 2011 BUS 631	Case Study	N = 29 Average scores ranged from 1.97 to 2.28. Between 31% and 65.5% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a four-point scale rubric.	Results were shared with the BUS 631 faculty, MBA Committee, and Chair of the Management Department in Winter 2012.	 Select a final exam case in which the case characters are challenged by, and the situation requires consideration of, national cultural differences. Add a question/point of analysis to the final exam requiring students to analyze those national cultural differences in the context of the case decision. Meet with all instructors of BUS 671 to discuss this plan of action and the assessment plan generally so that everyone teaches and assesses in a similar fashion. Results indicate that the students are good at conducting analysis at the organizational level but less competent assessing and analyzing leadership shortcomings, needs and creating action steps for the inclusion of individual leadership development activities in the implementation plan. The case study (national educational reform) chosen for the assessment tested the student's ability to analyze multiple issues in a large complex system over demonstrating individual competence as a leader. For the next assessment an appropriate measure will be chosen to assess leadership skills. Also, more class time will be spent on helping students develop an understanding of how to impact and influence (lead) others in order for implementation to be successful.
	Demonstrate leadership in a transparent framework. Work effectively with impact and influence.	Cycle 2 Fall 2014 BUS 631	Case Study	N = 23 Average scores ranged from 3.43 to 3.61. 100% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a four-point scale rubric.	Results were shared with the Seidman faculty at the college wide AoL meeting on Nov 20, 2015.	Student performance showed a significant improvement since the last assessment. The instructor gave students periodic and consistent feedback and used the final draft of the case analysis for the purposes of assessment. In the next assessment cycle, the instructor will record student performance on the first and final draft of the case analysis to better gauge student performance and improvement.

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(7) Strategic Analysis	Accurately and completely analyzes case using appropriate models. Assess an organization's competitive position and determine its competitive advantage and whether it is sustainable.	Cycle 1 Fall 2011 BUS 681	Strategy Case	N = 19 Average scores ranged from 2.68 to 3.47. Between 52.6% and 84.2% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a fourpoint scale rubric.	Results were shared with the BUS 681 faculty, MBA Committee, and the Chair of the Management Department in Winter 2013.	While students did well in incorporating the core building blocks of business strategy (i.e, external and internal factors, competitive positions), improvement is needed in the next steps of their strategic analysis which requires complex integration of ideas from different perspectives as well as using them to offer strategic alternatives. The instructors will stress upon these ideas further in BUS 681.
	Assess an organization's external environment using frameworks and models to guide analysis. Assess an organization's internal environment using frameworks and models to guide analysis. Devise strategic options for an organization, identifying the advantages and disadvantages of each option.	Cycle 2 Fall 2014 BUS 681	Strategy Case	N = 7 Average scores ranged from 3.57 to 3.86. 100% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a four-point scale rubric.	Results were shared with the Seidman faculty at the college wide AoL meeting on Nov 20, 2015.	Changes in course instruction instituted since last assessment improved student performance significantly. However, given the small sample size we are cautiously optimistic in viewing these results.

MBA Program Revised Learning Goals and Objectives MBA - Assurance of Learning Progress Chart (2015 - 2016)

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(1) Effective Business Communication	Develop clear, concise, and well-organized written communications.	Cycle 2 Fall 2015 BUS 677	Assignment	N = 27 Average scores ranged from 3.48 to 3.5. 100% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a four-point scale rubric.	Results were shared with the BUS 677 faculty, MBA Committee, and the Chair of the Management Department in Winter 2016.	Due to positive results, no changes are recommended at this time.
	Develop and deliver effective presentations.	Cycle 2 Fall 2015 Winter 2016 BUS 677	Presentation	N = 20 Average scores ranged from 3.25 to 3.5. 100% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a four-point scale rubric.	Results will be shared with the Seidman faculty at the college wide AoL meeting on Sept 19, 2016.	
(2) Business Acumen and Strategy	Demonstrate proficiency in core business knowledge/concepts.	Not scheduled				
	Demonstrate proficiency in integrating business disciplines to solve problems and formulate strategic alternatives.					

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(3) Global and Inter-Cultural Competence	Identify and be sensitive to inter-cultural and global factors impacting business decision-making. Integrate inter-cultural and global factors in problem solving and decision-making.	Cycle 2 Winter 2016 BUS 671 This goal was previously defined as international literacy	Business Case Analysis	N = 14 Average scores ranged from 3.14 to 3.5. Between 79% and 100% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a four-point scale rubric.	Results will be shared with the Seidman faculty at the college wide AoL meeting on Sept 19, 2016.	
(4) Values Driven Leadership	Apply ethical models and theories to decision making. Work effectively and collaboratively in a team towards a shared goal.	Cycle 2 Fall 2015 BUS 677 Not scheduled	Case Analysis	N = 27 Average scores ranged from 3.2 to 3.7. 100% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a four-point scale rubric.	Results were shared with the BUS 677 faculty, MBA Committee, Director of the Seidman College of Business - Koeze Business Ethics Initiative and Chair of the Management Department in Winter 2016.	Students demonstrate real engagement with the difficult cases with which they are presented and the program is on the right track in terms of its efforts to challenge students to think broadly and deeply about ethics in business. No action is recommended at this time.
	Articulate their own values-driven leadership philosophy.	Not scheduled				

FIMBA Learning Goals and Objectives Prior to Fall 2015

(1) Seidman FIMBA graduates will be effective writers. They will be able to

- 1.1 Write focused papers that draw on multiple sources to articulate complex ideas.
- 1.2 Organize written thoughts into a coherent and organized manner narrative.
- 1.3 Follow the APA citation guidelines and correctly cite sources.

(2) Seidman FIMBA graduates will be prepared to analyze and respond to leadership and ethical questions encountered in the practice of business. They will be able to

- 2.1 Compare and make effective connections between ethics, values, and leadership.
- 2.2 Integrate current scientific understandings of decision-making process.
- 2.3 Articulate and implement their own value-driven leadership philosophy.

(3) Seidman FIMBA graduates will integrate international and strategy dimensions in their analysis of business situations. They will be able to

- 3.1 Evaluate value chain issues that managers confront working globally.
- 3.2 Apply corporate global strategies within different stages of the business cycle.
- 3.3 Identify and develop integrated solutions to global business problems.

(4) Seidman FIMBA graduates will integrate various business disciplines into their business analysis and strategies. They will be able to

- 4.1 Demonstrate basic knowledge of each business discipline.
- 4.2 Solve practical problems using various disciplines.
- 4.3 In a team, develop a strategic business plan by employing a holistic view of the organization and environment.

(5) Seidman FIMBA graduates will view and analyze an organization as an integrated entity utilizing an ERP platform. They will be able to

- 5.1 Identify the organizational and master data required to configure the enterprise in an ERP system.
- 5.2 Describe the key processes essential to effectively operate the enterprise.
- 5.3 In a team, configure and execute the key processes essential to effectively operate the enterprise.

Rubrics to Assess the FIMBA Learning Goals and Objectives Prior to Fall 2015 FIMBA Written Communication Rubric (Goals 1.1 - 1.3)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Content	Paper does not identify thesis or purpose. Analysis vague or missing. Reader is confused or misinformed	Some analysis of a thesis or purpose. Reader gains few insights	Basic analysis of a thesis or purpose. Reader gains some insights	Thoughtful and insightful analysis of a clearly presented thesis or purpose. Reader gains insight
Organization	Little semblance of logical organization. Reader cannot identify reasoning	Writing is not always logical and ideas sometime fail to make sense. Reader needs to work to figure out meaning	Ideas are, for the most part, arranged logically and linked. Reader can follow most of the reasoning	Ideas arranged logically, flow smoothly and are clearly linked. Reader can follow reasoning
Tone	Tone is not professional. It is inappropriate for audience and purpose	Tone is occasionally professional or occasionally appropriate for audience	Tone is generally professional and mostly appropriate for audience	Tone is consistently professional and appropriate for audience
Mechanics	Errors are so numerous that they obscure meaning	Writing has numerous errors and distracts the reader	Occasional errors in writing, but they don't represent a major distraction	Writing is free or almost free of errors
Style (Including References)	Format is not recognizable	Format of document reflects incomplete knowledge of standard	A standard format is used with minor violations	A standard format is used accurately and consistently

FIMBA Ethical Reasoning Rubric (Goals 2.1 - 2.3)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Values Clarification	Lists values but unable to offer any thoughtful defense of why they are important	Lists values but uses superficial reasoning to defend choices	Articulates values and offers acceptable explanation of their importance to business behavior	Thoughtfully articulates and defends important values that should guide behavior in given business cases
Identification of Ethical Issues	Identification of ethical concerns is sparse or missing	Identifies only some of the ethical concerns in a given problem/case. Omits a few major points	Identifies many of the ethical concerns in a given problem/case. May omit a few minor points	Comprehensively and thoughtfully identifies most of the ethical concerns in a given problem/case
Stakeholder Identification	Identification of stakeholder is sparse or missing	Identifies only some stakeholder positions in a given problem/case. Omits a few major points	Identifies and prioritizes many of the stakeholder positions in a given problem/case. May omit a few minor points	Comprehensively and thoughtfully identifies and prioritizes most of the stakeholder positions in a given problem/case
Application of Ethical Theory/Models	Application of ethical decision making models is sparse or missing	Application of ethical decision making models is superficial or incomplete	Good grasp of the principles of consequentialist, deontological and virtue ethical decision making models and how they might be used in ethical decision-making; may miss some details or nuances	Shows comprehensive grasp of the three major normative theories, and mastery of at least one. Thoughtful demonstration of their value to ethical decision- making
Personal Voice and Action	Approach/plan about how to confront unethical behavior is unrealistic or missing	Approach/plan about how to confront unethical behavior fails to consider some important points or conditions	Developed a plausible and defensible plan about how to confront unethical behavior in a given situation; missed some minor considerations	Developed a compelling and thoughtful plan about how to confront unethical behavior in a given situation

FIMBA International and Strategic Dimensions Rubric (Goals 3.1 - 3.3)

No rubric was developed for this goal.

FIMBA Integration of Business Disciplines (Goals 4.1 - 4.3)

This goal was assessed using an exam and a strategic business plan. Consequently it is not supported by a rubric.

FIMBA ERP Platform (Goals 5.1 - 5.3)

This goal was assessed using an exam. Consequently it is not supported by a rubric.

FIMBA Assessment Calendar 2011-2016

FIMBA	2011-2015 Goals and Objectives	F11	W12	F12	W13	S13	F13	W14	S14	F14	W15
1	Effective Writers										X
2	Leadership and Ethics				X						X
3	International and Strategic Dimensions										
4	Integrate business discipines						X				
5	ERP Platform					X			X		

FIMBA	2015-2016 Revised Goals and Objectves	F15	W16	S16
1	Effective Business Communication			
	1.1 Effective Communication (written)		X	
	1.2 Effective Communication (oral)		X	
2	Business Acumen & Strategy			
3	Global & Inter-Cultural Competence		X	
4	Values Driven Leadership			
	4.1 Ethics		X	
	4.2 Team work			
	4.3 Leadership			X

Goal/Objective not assessed in the five year cycle
New goal
Goal assessed once in the five year cycle

FIMBA Program Learning Goals and Objectives FIMBA - Assurance of Learning Progress Chart (2011 - 2015)

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(1) Effective Writers	Write focused papers that draw on multiple sources to articulate complex ideas Organize written thoughts into a coherent narrative Correctly cite sources using APA guidelines	Cycle 1 Winter 2015 FIMBA 642	Assignment	N = 13 Average scores ranged from 3.23 to 3.54. Between 77% and 100% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a four-point scale rubric.	Results were shared with the FIMBA 642 faculty, MBA Committee and FIMBA Director in Fall 2015.	As the results were positive no action is recommended at this time.
(2) Leadership and Ethics	Compare and make effective connections between ethics, values, and leadership Integrate current scientific understandings of decision-making process. Articulate and implement their own value-driven leadership philosophy.	Cycle 1 Winter 2013 FIMBA 677	Final Exam	N = 28 Average scores ranged from 3.07 to 3.46. Between 85.7% and 96.4% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a fourpoint scale rubric.	Results were shared with the FIMBA 677 faculty, MBA Committee and FIMBA Director in Fall 2014.	As the results were overall strong no action is recommended at this time.

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(3) International and Strategic Dimensions	Evaluate value chain issues that managers confront working globally	Cycle 1 and Cycle 2 goal was not assessed				
	Apply corporate global strategies within different stages of the business cycle					
	Identify and develop integrated solutions to global business problems					
(4) Integrate Business Disciplines	Demonstrate basic knowledge of each business discipline Solve practical problems using various disciplines. In a team, develop a strategic business plan	Cycle 1 Fall 2013	Disciplinary Knowledge Multiple Choice Test given separately in selected core classes of each discipline (ACC, FIN, ECO, MKT,	N = 12 Majority of the students met the target of scoring 80% or higher on the test in each discipline	Results were shared with the FIMBA faculty, MBA Committee and FIMBA Director in Winter 2014.	As the results were positive no action is recommended at this time.
	by employing a holistic view of the organization and environment		MGT).			

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(5) ERP Platform	Identify the organizational and master data required to configure the enterprise in an ERP system Describe the key processes essential to effectively operate the enterprise	Cycle 1 Summer 2013 FIMBA 603	Exam	N = 12 With the exception of student performance on identifying master data (77.8%), majority of the students met the target of scoring 80% or higher on the test.	Results were shared with the ERP faculty, MBA Committee and FIMBA Director in Winter 2014.	Results indicate more emphasis should be placed on identifying master data. Additional examples will be provided to enhance student performance in this area.
	In a team, configure and execute the key processes essential to effectively operate the enterprise	Cycle 2 Summer 2014 FIMBA 603		N = 13 With the exception of student performance on identifying master data (74.4%), and key processes (78.4%) majority of the students met the target of scoring 80% or higher on the test.	Results were shared with the ERP faculty, MBA Committee and FIMBA Director in Winter 2015.	Results indicate more emphasis should be placed on identifying master data and key processes. Additional examples will continue to be provided to improve student performance in these areas.

FIMBA Program Revised Learning Goals and Objectives FIMBA - Assurance of Learning Progress Chart (2015 - 2016)

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(1) Effective Business Communication	Develop clear, concise, and well-organized written communications.	Cycle 2 Winter 2016 FIMBA 677	Papers	N = 11 Average scores ranged from 3.36 to 3.6. 100% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a four-point scale rubric.	Results will be shared with the Seidman faculty at the college wide AoL meeting on Sept 19, 2016.	
	Develop and deliver effective presentations.	Cycle 1 Winter 2016 FIMBA 677	Presentation	N = 11 Average scores ranged from 3 to 3.3. 100% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a four-point scale rubric.	Results will be shared with the Seidman faculty at the college wide AoL meeting on Sept 19, 2016.	
(2) Business Acumen and Strategy	Demonstrate proficiency in core business knowledge/concepts.	Not scheduled				
	Demonstrate proficiency in integrating business disciplines to solve problems and formulate strategic alternatives.					

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(3) Global and Inter-Cultural Competence	Identify and be sensitive to inter-cultural and global factors impacting business decision-making. Integrate inter-cultural and global factors in problem solving and decision-making.	Cycle 1 Winter 2016 FIMBA 671	Business Case Analysis	N = 11 Average scores ranged from 1.09 to 2.55. Between 0% and 45% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a four-point scale rubric.	Results will be shared with the Seidman faculty at the college wide AoL meeting on Sept 19, 2016.	Student performance was very weak. They struggled in particular with analyzing how cultural and global factors impact business decision-making.
(4) Values Driven Leadership	Apply ethical models and theories to decision making.	Cycle 2 Winter 2016 FIMBA 677	Paper	N = 11 Average scores ranged from 3.36 to 3.6. 100% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a four-point scale rubric.	Results will be shared with the Seidman faculty at the college wide AoL meeting on Sept 19, 2016.	
	Work effectively and collaboratively in a team towards a shared goal.	Not scheduled				
	Articulate their own values-driven leadership philosophy.	Cycle 2 Summer 2016 FIMBA 678	Case Analysis	Results not available yet.		

EMBA Assessment Calendar 2015-2016 EMBA is a new program. The first cohort was admitted in Fall 2014

EMBA	Goals and Objectives	F15	W16
1	Effective Business Communication		
	1.1 Effective Communication (written)		X
	1.2 Effective Communication (oral)		X
2	Business Acumen & Strategy		X
3	Global & Inter-Cultural Competence		
4	Values Driven Leadership		
	4.1 Ethics		X
	4.2 Team work		X
	4.3 Leadership		X

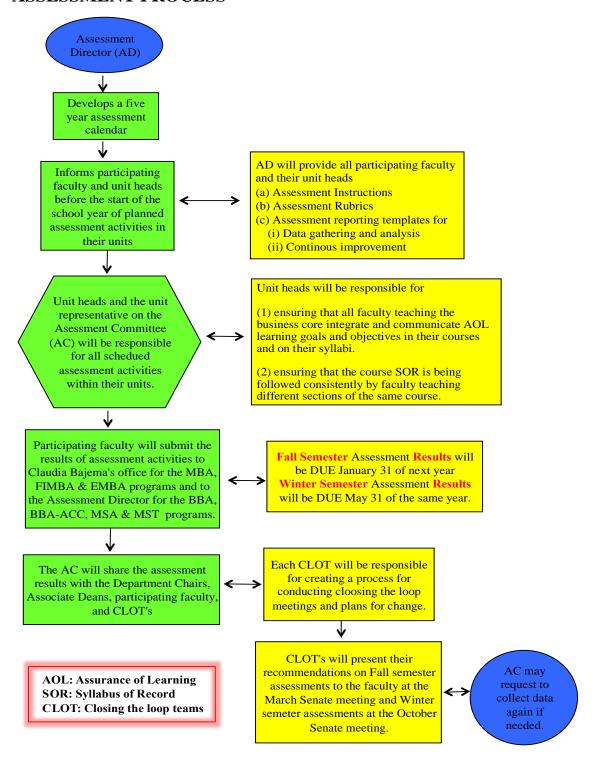
EMBA Program Learning Goals and Objectives EMBA - Assurance of Learning Progress Chart (2015 - 2016)

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(1) Effective Business Communication	Develop clear, concise, and well-organized written communications.	Cycle 1 Winter 2016 EMBA 683	Assignment	N = 22 Average scores ranged from 2.76 to 3.29. Between 52% and 95% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a four-point scale rubric.	Results will be shared with the Seidman faculty at the college wide AoL meeting on Sept 19, 2016	The student performance was weak in the area of formatting and styling including citing references.
	Develop and deliver effective presentations.	Cycle 1 Winter 2016 EMBA 683	Presentation	N = 22 Average scores ranged from 3.45 to 4. 100% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a four-point scale rubric.	Results will be shared with the Seidman faculty at the college wide AoL meeting on Sept 19, 2016.	
(2) Business Acumen and Strategy	Demonstrate proficiency in core business knowledge/concepts.	Cycle 1 Winter 2016 EMBA 683	ETS® Major Field Test	N = 16 Total scores for the Major Field Tests are reported on a scale of 220-300. The Average score of the EMBA students that took the test was 258, which was higher than the national average (248) and the	Results will be shared with the Seidman faculty at the college wide AoL meeting on Sept 19, 2016.	

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
	Demonstrate proficiency in integrating business disciplines to solve problems and formulate strategic alternatives.	Cycle 1 Winter 2016 EMBA 683	ETS® Major Field Test. Specific questions from the Major Field Test were chosen by the EMBA 683 faculty to examine student's problem solving ability for this assessment.	performance of students at our competitive institutions (247.5). In terms of specific discipline areas, the students performed better than the competitive group in all areas of marketing, management, finance, accounting and strategic integration assessed by the test. Performance on each question is reported in terms of the percentage of students who answered the question correctly. 49.67% of Seidman business students answered the questions chosen correctly in comparison to 47.59% nationally.	Results will be shared with the Seidman faculty at the college wide AoL meeting on Sept 19, 2016.	

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(3) Global and Inter-Cultural Competence	Identify and be sensitive to inter-cultural and global factors impacting business decision-making. Integrate inter-cultural and global factors in problem solving and decision-making.	Not scheduled				
(4) Values Driven Leadership	Apply ethical models and theories to decision making.	Cycle 1 Winter 2016 EMBA 678	Paper, role plays and presentations	N = 22 Average scores ranged from 3.68 to 3.86. 100% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a four-point scale rubric.	Results will be shared with the Seidman faculty at the college wide AoL meeting on Sept 19, 2016.	
	Work effectively and collaboratively in a team towards a shared goal.	Cycle 1 Winter 2016 EMBA 678	Action learning project	N = 22 Average scores ranged from 3.64 to 3.95. 100% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a four-point scale rubric.	Results will be shared with the Seidman faculty at the college wide AoL meeting on Sept 19, 2016	
	Articulate their own values-driven leadership philosophy.	Cycle 1 Winter 2016 EMBA 678	Paper and class participation	N = 22 Average scores ranged from 3.54 to 3.6. 100% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a four-point scale rubric.	Results will be shared with the Seidman faculty at the college wide AoL meeting on Sept 19, 2016	

ASSESSMENT PROCESS



ASSESSMENT CALENDAR (2016-2021)

		Goals and Objectives	F16	W17	F17	W18	F18	W19/SU 19	F19	W20	F20	W21/SU 21
BBA	1.1	Locating Information					ECO 210/211				ECO 210/211	
	1.2	Effect Com (written)			MGT 331				MGT 331			
	1.3	Effect Com (oral)			MGT 331				MGT 331			
	2	Fun Bus. Know.					MGT 495				MGT 495	
	3.1	SWOT				MGT 495				MGT 495		
	3.2	Global				MGT 495				MGT 495		
	4	Ethics			ECO 440				ECO 440			
BBA	1.1	Locating Information		ACC 310						ACC 310		
ACC	1.2	Effect Com (written)		ACC 311				ACC 311				
	1.3	Effect Com (oral)		ACC 311				ACC 311				
	2	Fun Bus. Know.					MGT 495				MGT 495	
	3.1	SWOT				MGT 495				MGT 495		
	3.2	Global				MGT 495				MGT 495		
	4	Ethics		ACC 333				ACC 333				
	5	Tech. Acc. Know.					ACC 310				ACC 310	
	6	CPA Exam						NASBA Report				NASBA Report
MS	1.1	Effect Com (written)			ACC 620			· ·	ACC 620			· ·
ACC	1.2	Effect Com (oral)			ACC 620				ACC 620			
	2	Bus. Acu & Strategy				ACC 613				ACC 613		
	3	Global				ACC 617						ACC 617
	4	Ethics					ACC 607				ACC 607	
MS	1	Ethics						ACC 636				ACC 636
Tax	2	Tax Communication						ACC 636				ACC 636
	3	Tax Law						ACC 636				ACC 636
	4	Tax Analy & Planning						ACC 636				ACC 636
MBA	1.1	Effect Com (written)					BUS 631				BUS 631	
1.12.11	1.2	Effect Com (oral)					BUS 631				BUS 631	
	2	Bus. Acu & Strategy			BUS 681				BUS 681			
	3	Global				BUS 671						BUS 671
	4.1	Ethics					BUS 677				BUS 677	
	4.2	Team work			BUS 631				BUS 631			
	4.3	Leadership			BUS 631				BUS 631			
EMBA	1.1	Effect Com (written)				EMBA 683				EMBA 683		
	1.2	Effect Com (oral)				PD				PD		
	2	Bus. Acu & Strategy				EMBA 683				EMBA 683		
	3	Global				EMBA 683				EMBA 683		
	4.1	Ethics						EMBA 678				EMBA 678
	4.2	Team work						PD				PD
	4.3	Leadership						EMBA 678				EMBA 678

ASSURANCE OF LEARNING

CLOSING-THE-LOOP FORM

As a condition of our accreditation, the AACSB requires that Seidman College of Business perform a learning outcomes assessment. As part of this process, we need to "close the loop" wherein we assess the data collected, attempt to interpret it and strategize about different approaches to change our delivery or course structure in the coming semesters. Please complete this form for each core course in order for us to internally document this process and provide a record should we ever be called upon to provide documentation of this process.

Program:
Program learning goal/objective assessed:
Core Course # and title:
Goal Assessment Team (GAT) Members:
(1) Briefly list the measures used to assess student learning (for example: case studies, exams etc.)
(2) Based on the assessment results what conclusions do you draw?
(3) Are there any contextual factors affecting these results? (For example: student class standing, faculty experience teaching the course, course format [hybrid/flipped, online], class size, diversity of majors, etc.)
(4) Based on the results, describe any changes you anticipate making in teaching the course to improve the student learning.
(5) Based on the results, describe any changes you anticipate making in assessing the course.
(6) Based on the results, describe the curricular or programmatic changes you will make to improve student attainment of the selected goal/objective.

(7)	Based on	ı your r	ecommend	lations for	· improv	ement, p	olease (describe
1.	•								

- The expected timeline for each of the recommended actions
- Any potential barriers you anticipate in implementing the recommended actions
- (8) To what extent did the department/unit as a whole (or a subgroup) engage in this assessment process?
- (9) What else can the AoL Task Force do to help you meaningfully assess student learning?

Please submit the completed closing the loop form to the Assessment Director by Dec 1 and present your recommendations to the college faculty at the senate meeting in Dec.

Thank You!

BBA -ACC

Revised Learning Goals and Objectives, Effective Fall 2015

(1) Effective Business Communication

- 1.1 Students will be skilled at locating, evaluating, and using information effectively.
- 1.2 Students will develop clear, concise and well-organized written communication.
- 1.3 Students will produce professional quality oral presentations.

(2) Functional Business Knowledge

- 2.1 Students will apply disciplinary knowledge to solve problems.
- 2.2 Students will demonstrate proficiency in the basic concepts and principles across the disciplines.

(3) Informed Decision Making

- 3.1 Students will analyze and integrate the impact of internal strengths and weakness and external opportunities and threats in business decisions.
- 3.2 Students will analyze and integrate the impact of global forces in business decisions.

(4) Ethics and Values

- 4.1 Students will apply ethical theories and models to ethical problems.
- 4.2 Students will identify their own values and understand how value systems impact decision-making.

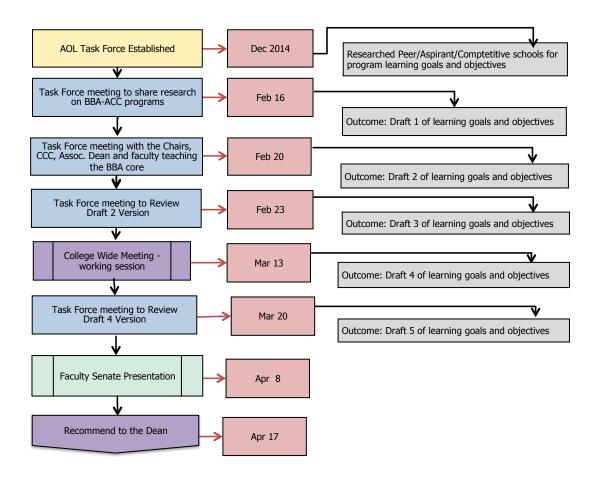
(5) Technical Accounting Knowledge

- 5.1 Students will demonstrate the ability to recognize, measure, record, analyze and interpret accounting elements within financial statements.
- 5.2 Students will demonstrate knowledge of current accounting practices and theory.
- 5.3 Students will demonstrate an understanding of the strategic role of accounting in business organizations.

(6) CPA Exam Performance

- 6.1 Students will have an average score and overall pass rate that exceeds the average for the state and all jurisdictions.
- 6.2 Students will have a pass rate in each exam section that exceeds the state and national average pass rate.

Process Followed to Revise Learning Goals and Objectives



Curriculum Map BBA-ACC Curriculum Map to Assess Revised Learning Goals and Objectives

DDA-ACC Curriculum Map to Asses	33 IXC VISC	u Leari		u Objec	11100	1	
			Ethics				
Cools and Objectives Course		3.4.Cm	ACC 333,			4.00	4.66
Goals and Objectives\Course	ACC	MGT	MKT 375,	ACC	ACC	ACC	ACC
I = Introduced, R = Reinforced, A = Assessed	212/213	495	ECO 440	310	311	317/318	413/414
1. Effective Business Communication							
1.1 Students will be skilled at locating, evaluating, and using information effectively.	I			R, A	R	R	R
1.2 Students will develop clear, concise and well-organized written communication				I, R	R, A		R
1.3 Students will produce professional quality oral presentations.				I, R	R, A		R
2. Functional Business Knowledge							
2.1 Students will apply disciplinary knowledge to solve problems.	I			R	R	R, A	
2.2 Students will demonstrate proficiency in the basic concepts and principles across the disciplines.	I, A	A		I, R	I, R	I, R	I, R
3. Informed Decision Making							
3.1 Students will analyze and integrate the impact of internal strengths and weakness and external opportunities and threats in business decisions.	I			I, R	I, R	I, R	A
3.2 Students will analyze and integrate the impact of global forces in business decisions.		A		I	I		
4. Ethics and Values							
4.1 Students will apply ethical theories and models to ethical problems.			I, R, A				
4.2 Students will identify their own values & understand how value systems impact decision-making.	I	R	I, R, A	I, R	I, R	R	R
5. Technical Accounting Knowledge							
5.1 Students will demonstrate the ability to recognize, measure, record, analyze and interpret accounting elements within financial statements.	I			I, R, A	R	R	R
5.2 Students will demonstrate knowledge of current accounting practices and theory.	I			I, R, A	R	R	R
5.3 Students will demonstrate an understanding of the strategic role of accounting in business organizations.	I			I	R	R	A, R

Rubrics to Assess the Revised BBA-ACC Learning Goals and Objectives

BBA and BBA-ACC share the learning goals of Effective Business Communication, Functional Business Knowledge, Informed Decision Making and Ethics and Values. Consequently, the same rubrics are employed to assess these learning goals for the two programs. These rubrics are outlined on pages 6 - 10.

BBA-ACC Technical Accounting Knowledge Rubric (Goals 5.1 - 5.3)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Using all Inputs	Does not use all	Uses some of the	Uses most of the	Uses all the
such as	the instruments	instruments and	instruments and	instruments and
Financial	and extracts the	extract some of the	extract most of the	extract all the
Statements,	wrong information	information	information	information
Disclosure		correctly	correctly	correctly
Notes, etc. and				
Extracting				
Information				
Correctly				
	The flow of the	The flow of the	The flow of the	The flow of the
Logical Flow of	analysis in not	analysis is logical	analysis is logical	analysis is logical
Analysis and	logical at all.	some of the time.	most of the time.	all the time.
Flaws in Logic	Major flaws in the	Significant flaws	Minor flaws in	Hardly any flaws
210000 111 20810	logic	in logic	logic	in logic
	The steps in the	The steps in the	The steps in the	The steps in the
Steps in the	analysis are not	analysis are partly	analysis are mostly	analysis are
Analysis of the	comprehensive and	comprehensive and	comprehensive and	comprehensive and
Accounting	complete.	complete.	complete.	complete.
Problem are	Patchwork analysis	Some significant	Some minor steps	All steps are
Comprehensive		steps are missing	are missing	analyzed and work
_				shown
Outputs	The outputs	The outputs	The outputs	The outputs
Generated in	generated in terms	generated in terms	generated in terms	generated in terms
Terms of	of earnings, cash	of earnings, cash	of earnings, cash	of earnings, cash
Earnings, Cash	flows, inventory	flows, inventory	flows, inventory	flows, inventory
Flows,	levels, etc. are not	levels, etc. are	levels, etc. are	levels, etc. are
Inventory	accurate and	accurate and	accurate and	accurate and
Levels, etc. are	correct	correct to some	correct to a large	correct. Hardly any
Accurate and		extent. Major	extent. Minor	errors remain
Correct		errors remain	errors remain	
Correct				

BBA-ACC CPA Exam Performance Rubric (Goals 6.1 - 6.2)

The annual National Association of State Boards of Accountancy (NASBA) report on CPA scores is used to assess this goal. Consequently it is not supported by a rubric.

BBA-ACC Learning Goals and Objectives Prior to Fall 2015

- (1) A Seidman BBA Accounting graduate will be skilled in analyzing and solving accounting problems. He/she will be able to perform the following functions
 - 1.1 identify that the steps in the analysis of the accounting problem are comprehensive.
 - 1.2 use all inputs, such as financial statements, disclosure notes, etc., in extracting information correctly.
 - 1.3 perform a logical flow of analysis and identify flaws in logic.
 - 1.4 generate outputs, in terms of earnings, cash flows, inventory levels, etc. that are accurate and correct.
- (2) A Seidman BBA Accounting graduate will be conversant in the concepts and language of the functional areas of business. He/she will be able to perform the following functions
 - 2.1 apply disciplinary knowledge to problem solving situations.
 - 2.2 correctly answer questions about the basic concepts and principles in the areas of accounting, economics, finance, management, and marketing.
- (3) A Seidman BBA Accounting graduate will be an effective writer. He/she will be able to accomplish the following
 - 3.1 write with a clear and logical flow, meaningful transitions, and unified content.
 - 3.2 write with a professional and appropriate tone.
 - 3.3 develop and support each major idea evidence, reasons, and examples.
 - 3.4 structure a paper into identifiable and meaningful sections.
 - 3.5 write a paper free of mechanical and grammatical errors.
 - 3.6 clearly articulate a thesis and write a paper that accomplishes the stated purpose.

(4) A Seidman BBA Accounting graduate will recognize ethical issues inherent in the practice of business and apply the process of ethical inquiry. He/she will be able to

- 4.1 apply ethical theories and models to ethical problems.
- 4.2 identify the ethical concerns associated with a given business issue or problem.
- 4.3 identify stakeholders associated with a particular ethical decision.
- 4.4 identify his/her own values and consciously employ those values in business decision-making.

(5) A Seidman BBA Accounting graduate will be skilled at locating, evaluating, and using information effectively. He/she will be able to

- 5.1 evaluate the credibility and usefulness of information.
- 5.2 use information to answer a specific question or accomplish a specific purpose.
- 5.3 demonstrate knowledge of reference materials, including business databases, academic search engines, and government websites.
- 5.4 source information correctly.

(6) A Seidman BBA Accounting graduate will be a skilled presenter. He/she will be able to

- 6.1 respond clearly and accurately to all questions.
- 6.2 use appropriate, varied, and professional communication aids.
- 6.3 maintain eye contact with minimal reading of material.
- 6.4 clearly articulate and support major points.
- 6.5 deliver an organized and smooth presentation.
- 6.6 speak clearly, comfortably, and expressively.

(7) A Seidman BBA Accounting graduate will be prepared for the CPA examination.

The set of students electing to take the CPA exam will

- 7.1 Have an average score and an overall pass rate that exceeds the average for all jurisdictions.
- 7.2 Have an average score and an overall pass rate that exceeds the average for the state of Michigan.
- 7.3 Have a pass rate in each exam section that exceeds the state and national average pass rate.

Rubrics to Assess the BBA-ACC Learning Goals and Objectives Prior to Fall 2015

BBA-ACC Problem Solving Rubric (Goals 1.1 - 1.4)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Using all Inputs such as Financial Statements, Disclosure Notes, etc. and Extracting Information Correctly	Does not use all the instruments and extracts the wrong information	Uses some of the instruments and extract some of the information correctly	Uses most of the instruments and extract most of the information correctly	Uses all the instruments and extract all the information correctly
Logical Flow of Analysis and Flaws in Logic Steps in the Analysis of the Accounting Problem are Comprehensive	The flow of the analysis in not logical at all. Major flaws in the logic The steps in the analysis are not comprehensive and complete. Patchwork analysis	The flow of the analysis is logical some of the time. Significant flaws in logic The steps in the analysis are partly comprehensive and complete. Some significant steps are missing	The flow of the analysis is logical most of the time. Minor flaws in logic The steps in the analysis are mostly comprehensive and complete. Some minor steps are missing	The flow of the analysis is logical all the time. Hardly any flaws in logic The steps in the analysis are comprehensive and complete. All steps are analyzed and work shown
Outputs Generated in Terms of Earnings, Cash Flows, Inventory Levels, etc. are Accurate and Correct	The outputs generated in terms of earnings, cash flows, inventory levels, etc. are not accurate and correct	The outputs generated in terms of earnings, cash flows, inventory levels, etc. are accurate and correct to some extent. Major errors remain	The outputs generated in terms of earnings, cash flows, inventory levels, etc. are accurate and correct to a large extent. Minor errors remain	The outputs generated in terms of earnings, cash flows, inventory levels, etc. are accurate and correct. Hardly any errors remain

BBA-ACC Disciplinary Knowledge Rubric (Goals 2.1 - 2.2)

This goal was assessed using a multiple-choice test with questions contributed by the departments of management, finance, economics, marketing and accounting. Consequently it is not supported by a rubric

BBA-ACC Writing Skills Rubric (Goals 3.1 - 3.6)

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
	Paper is not	Thesis may be too	Thesis is	Paper has a clearly
	focused. No stated	brief, superficial,	adequately	sustained and
Thesis/	thesis. Reader has	or unclear;	understood; paper	explained thesis;
Purpose	trouble	purpose of paper	generally	paper fully
T ut pose	understanding	only partly	accomplishes	accomplishes
	purpose of paper	accomplished	stated purpose	stated purpose
	Introduction, body,	Introduction, body	Basic sense of	Introduction and
	and conclusion are	and conclusion	beginning, middle	conclusion are
Structure	poorly focused or	may be brief,	and end, with	clearly delineated,
Structure	non-existent	sketchy, or	adequate coverage	meaningful, and
		unclear. Intro or	in each section	add good depth
		conclusion may be		
		missing		
	Little or no	Development of	Attempts to	Thorough and
	development of	ideas is superficial,	develop and	specific
Development	major idea(s).	general,	support all ideas;	development and
and Support of	Support is vague	incomplete, or	there may be some	support of each
Ideas	or missing	inconsistent in	small gaps, but	idea, using solid
lucas		places. Needs	good depth overall	evidence, reasons,
		more depth		and/or examples
	Poor flow;	Progression of	Progression of	Writing has a
	progression not	ideas or	thoughts or	logical and clear
	logical. Ideas are	paragraphs is	paragraphs is	flow, uses
	presented	illogical or jumpy	generally logical	meaningful
Organization	randomly or	in places.	with adequate	transitions and
Organization	haphazardly.	Transitions are not	transitions. May	unified paragraphs
	Weak or missing	always	be some minor	
	transitions. May	meaningful. May	gaps, but they	
	be wordy or	be some wordiness	don't substantially	
	repetitious	or repetition	detract	
	Severe or frequent	Three to five	Good command of	Consistent and
	errors in grammar,	errors per page,	writing	superior command
	punctuation, word	indicating gaps in	conventions; there	of spelling, word
Mechanics	use, sentence	knowledge of	may be one to two	use, grammar,
	structure, or	writing	minor errors per	punctuation,
	spelling	conventions.	page	sentence structure.
		Pattern of flaws		Few or no errors
	Writing is mostly	Writing is	Generally	Completely
Style	immature, naïve,	immature, naïve,	professional and	professional and
	or inappropriate	or inappropriate in	appropriate tone	appropriate tone
		places.		

BBA-ACC Ethical Reasoning Rubric (Goals 4.1 - 4.4)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Values Clarification	Lists values but unable to offer any thoughtful defense of why they are important	Lists values but uses superficial reasoning to defend choices	Articulates values; offers acceptable explanation of why they are important to business behavior	Student can thoughtfully articulate and defend five or six values that should guide behavior in business
Identification of Ethical Issues	Identification of ethical concerns is sparse or missing	Identifies only some of the ethical concerns in a given problem/case. Omits a few major points	Identifies most of the ethical concerns in a given problem/case. May omit a few minor points	Completely and thoughtfully identifies all ethical concerns in a given problem/case
Stakeholder Identification	Identification of stakeholder is sparse or missing	Identifies only some of the stakeholder positions in a given problem/case. Omits a few major points	Identifies most of the stakeholder positions in a given problem/case. May omit a few minor points	Completely and thoughtfully identifies all stakeholder positions in a given problem/case
Application of Ethical Theory/Models	Application of ethical decision making models is sparse or missing	Application of ethical decision making models is superficial or incomplete	Good application of consequentalist, deontological and virtue ethical decision making models; may miss some details or nuances	Completely and thoughtfully applies consequentalist, deontological and virtue ethical decision models to problem
Personal Voice and Action	Approach/plan about how to confront unethical behavior is unrealistic or missing	Approach/plan about how to confront unethical behavior fails to consider some important points or conditions	Developed a realistic approach/plan about how to confront unethical behavior in a given situation; missed some minor considerations	Developed a realistic and thoughtful approach/plan about how to confront unethical behavior in a given situation

BBA-ACC Locating, Evaluating And Using Information Rubric (Goals 5.1 - 5.4)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Locates Information	Consults an insufficient number of sources	Gathers accounting information from a limited range of sources; may rely too much on one kind of source	Gathers good accounting information from a variety of sources; may have missed a few	Gathers optimal accounting information from a variety of quality electronic and print sources, including databases
Evaluates Information	Shows no evidence of understanding what information is useful or of good quality	Uses some quality sources, but uses too many that are poor or tangential	Does a good job evaluating the quality and usefulness of sources	Evaluates and selects only the best sources for usefulness and quality
Uses Information	Reaches conclusions that do not have enough support. Question or problem ineffectively resolved. Most necessary idea/points are missing	Conclusions could have been better supported. Question or problem minimally resolved. Some necessary ideas/points are missing	Uses information to draw appropriate conclusions, answer a question, or solve a problem. Some minor ideas/points are missing	Uses information effectively to draw appropriate conclusions, and optimally answer a question or solve a problem. All relevant ideas/points included
Sources Information	Materials are clearly plagiarized, either intentionally or through ignorance	Documentation is improperly constructed or absent body of paper and/or bibliography	Documents with care (in body of paper and bibliography) although a few errors are noted	All ideas, text and media are properly cited (in body of paper and bibliography), following a recognized style

BBA-ACC Oral Presentation Rubric (Goals 6.1 - 6.6)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
	Presentation is	Presentation is	Presentation flows	Presentation is
	very disorganized;	confusing and	smoothly with	smooth, polished
	little flow; vague;	disorganized in a	occasional	and organized;
Organization	difficult to	number of places;	confusion or rough	flows well
018	understand	disconnected or	patches between	
		choppy; takes	ideas	
		some effort to		
		follow		
	Presenter is very	Presenter is	Presenter is	Presenter is very
	uncomfortable;	somewhat	generally	comfortable;
	speech is rushed,	uncomfortable or	comfortable;	speaks clearly and
Delivery	slow or	nervous; limited	somewhat	expressively;
Bunvery	inarticulate; style	expression;	polished; minor	words and
	is distracting or	noticeable use of	use of filler words	sentences flow
	annoying	filler words (uhs,	(uhs, likes) or	
		likes) or pauses	pauses	
	Points not clear;	Information is	Sufficient	Abundance of
	irrelevant	confusing in	information; many	material; points
Content	information does	places; too much	good points made;	clearly made;
	not support ideas;	or too little	some areas	evidence supports;
	listeners gain little	information;	lacking; listener	listeners gain
		listener gains a few	gains adequate	insight
		insights	insight	
	Communication	Communication	Professional	Appropriate,
Communication	aids are poorly	aids marginally	communication	professional
Aids	prepared and/or	prepared; do not	aids, may use too	communication
	distracting, or	support	many/too few	aids enhance
	nonexistent	presentation well		presentation
	Reads entire	Reads most of	Maintains eye	Maintains eye
	report, making no	report; makes	contact, but returns	contact throughout
Nonverbals	eye contact with	occasional eye	to notes frequently	presentation;
	audience	contact		seldom returns to
	** 11	0.0		notes
	Unable to	Often	Responds to most	Responds to all
Audience	accurately answer	answers questions	questions clearly	questions clearly
Interaction	questions	superficially or	and accurately	and accurately
		long-windedly		

BBA-ACC CPA Exam Performance Rubric (Goals 7.1 - 7.3)

The annual National Association of State Boards of Accountancy (NASBA) report on CPA scores is used to assess this goal. Consequently it is not supported by a rubric.

BBA-ACC Assessment Calendar 2011-2016

BBA-ACC	2011-2015 Goals and Objectives	F11	W12	F12	W13	F13	W14	F14	W15
1	Analyzing Accounting Problems		X						
2	Disciplinary Knowledge*						X		
3	Effective Writer*					X			
4	Ethical Reasoning*								
5	Information Literacy*		X						X
6	Skilled Presenter*				X	·		·	
7	Prepared for the CPA*				X				

^{*}Comparable goals can be found in the revised version below

BBA-ACC	2015-2016 Revised Goals and Objectives	F15	W16
1	Effective Business Communication		
	1.1 Locating Information		
	1.2 Effective Communication (written)		X
	1.3 Effective Communication (oral)		
2	Functional Business Knowledge	X	X
3	Informed Decision Making		
	3.1 Analyze & Integrate SWOT in Business Decisions		X
	3.2 Integrate Global & Cultural Factors in Decision-Making		X
4	Ethics and Values	X	
5	Technical Accounting Knowledge	X	
6	CPA Exam Performance		X

Goal assessed once in the five year cycle New goal

BBA-ACC Program Learning Goals and Objectives BBA-ACC - Assurance of Learning Progress Chart (2011 - 2015)

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(1) Analyzing Accounting Problems	Identify that the steps in the analysis of the accounting problem are comprehensive. Use all inputs, such as financial statements, disclosure notes, etc., in extracting information correctly. Perform a logical flow of analysis and identify flaws in Logic. Generate outputs, in terms of earnings, cash flows, inventory levels, etc. that are accurate and correct.	Cycle 1 Winter 2012 ACC 310 Cycle 2 goal was not assessed	Accounting Problems	N = 60 Average scores ranged from 3.57 to 3.76 Over 90% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a fourpoint scale rubric.	Results were shared with the school of accounting (SOA) faculty in Fall 2013.	The BBA-ACC learning goals and objectives were revised in Winter 2015. At which time this goal was replaced by two new goals to address technical accounting knowledge and informed decision-making.
(2) Disciplinary Knowledge	Apply disciplinary knowledge to problem solving situations.	Cycle 1 Winter 2014	Disciplinary Knowledge Multiple Choice Test	N = 27 to 386 Accounting students performance in each discipline's core classes with the exception of few concepts was satisfactory.	Results were shared with the school of accounting (SOA) faculty in Fall 2014.	After the last assessment of this goal in 2009 a new methodology was adopted to assess disciplinary knowledge in this cycle. To incentivize students to take the test seriously, instead of giving one exam for all disciplines in the MGT 495 capstone course, the assessment was performed in each discipline's core classes with student's grade tied to their performance on the disciplinary knowledge test.

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
	Correctly answer questions about the basic concepts and principles in the areas of accounting, economics, finance, management, and marketing.		Assessed separately in selected core classes of each discipline (ACC, FIN, ECO, MKT, MGT).			While students were incentivized, their performance could be gauged only by overall averages instead by specific competency areas. Also, given the nature of the test no benchmarking of SCB students with the performance of students at comparable, competitive and aspirant schools was possible. Consequently, the college decided to administer the <i>ETS</i> ® Major Field Test in the MGT 495 Capstone course in the next assessment cycle.
(3) Effective Writer	Write with a clear and logical flow, meaningful transitions, and unified content. Write with a professional and appropriate tone. Develop and support each major idea evidence, reasons, and examples. Structure a paper into identifiable and meaningful sections. Write a paper free of mechanical and grammatical errors. Clearly articulates a thesis and write a paper that accomplishes the stated purpose.	Cycle 1 Fall 2013 MKT 350	Paper	N = 25 Average scores ranged from 2.8 to 3. Over 72% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a fourpoint scale rubric.	Results were shared with the school of accounting (SOA) faculty in Fall 2014.	Since the results were marginally satisfactory, the SOA will continue to stress writing skills with particular emphasis on supporting ideas, organization, mechanics and style, encouraging WRT 350 prior to taking business courses, and ensuring professors are trained to teach SWS courses. The use of the writing center will also be encouraged as a support for both instructors and students.

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(4) Ethical Reasoning	Apply ethical theories and models to ethical problems. Identify the ethical concerns associated with a given business issue or problem. Identify stakeholders associated with a particular ethical decision. Identify his/her own values and consciously employ those values in business decisionmaking.	Goal was not assessed in the 2011-2015 time period				
(5) Information Literacy	Evaluate the credibility and usefulness of information. Use information to answer a specific question or accomplish a specific purpose.	Cycle 1 Winter 2012 ACC 310	Paper	N = 70 Average scores ranged from 3.37 to 3.52. Between 72.8% and 81.4% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a fourpoint scale rubric.	Results were shared with the school of accounting (SOA) faculty in Fall 2013.	Student performance was strong. No changes recommended.

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
	Demonstrate knowledge of reference materials, including business databases, academic search engines, and government websites. Source information correctly.	Cycle 2 Winter 2015 ACC 310	Paper	N = 79 Average scores ranged from 3.07 to 3.59. Between 58.2% and 79.7% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a fourpoint scale rubric.	Results were shared with the school of accounting (SOA) faculty at the college wide AoL meeting on Nov 20, 2015.	With the exception of sourcing information correctly, the student performance in the areas of locating, evaluating and using information remained strong. The SOA faculty will continue to stress upon sourcing information consistently and periodically in ACC 310.
(6) Skilled Presenter	Respond clearly and accurately to all questions. Use appropriate, varied, and professional communication aids. Maintain eye contact with minimal reading of material. Clearly articulate and support major points. Deliver an organized and smooth presentation. Speak clearly, comfortably, and expressively.	Cycle 1 Winter 2013 ACC 311	Juried presentations to accounting professionals	N = 75 Average scores ranged from 3.3 to 3.6.	Results were shared with the school of accounting (SOA) faculty in Fall 2014.	Since student performance was good in all areas, no follow up action is needed at this time.

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(7) CPA Examination	Average score and an overall pass rate that exceeds the average for all Jurisdictions. Average score and an overall pass rate that exceeds the average for the state of Michigan.	Cycle 1 Calendar Year 2012	CPA exam (indirect measure)	Student pass rate (68.2%) was greater than the average for all Michigan universities (63%) and the average for all jurisdictions (54.3%).	SOA receives the NASBA report on the CPA Exam annually.	Given the strong student performance no adjustments are recommended at this time.
	Pass rate in each exam section that exceeds the state and national average pass rate.					

BBA-ACC Program Revised Learning Goals and Objectives BBA-ACC - Assurance of Learning Progress Chart (2015 - 2016)

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(1) Effective Business Communication	Skilled at locating, evaluating, and using information effectively.	Assessment of locating, evaluating and using information is complete.				
	Will develop clear, concise and well-organized written communication.	Cycle 2 Winter 2016 ACC 311	Paper	N = 43 Average scores ranged from 2.9 to 3.5. Between 84% to 98% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a fourpoint scale rubric.	Results will be shared with the school of accounting (SOA) faculty at the college wide AoL meeting on Sept 16, 2016.	
	Produce professional quality oral presentations.	Cycle 2 Winter 2016 ACC 311	Paper	N = 51 Average scores ranged from 3.3 to 3.7. Between 75% to 100% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a fourpoint scale rubric.	Results will be shared with the school of accounting (SOA) faculty at the college wide AoL meeting on Sept 16, 2016.	

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(2) Functional Business Knowledge	Apply disciplinary knowledge to problem solving situations.	Cycle 2 Fall 2015 Winter 2016 MGT 495	ETS® Major Field Test. Specific questions from the Major Field Test were chosen by representatives from each discipline to examine student's problem solving ability for this assessment.	N =34 (a total of 157 students took the test out of which 34 were ACC majors). Performance on each question is reported in terms of the percentage of students who answered the question correctly. 48.22% of Seidman business students answered the questions chosen correctly in comparison to 48.04% nationally. Since the scores are reported by item instead of by student the performance of ACC Majors could not be separated from that of non- ACC majors.	Results will be shared with the faculty at a college wide AoL meeting on Sept 16, 2016.	
	Demonstrate proficiency in the basic concepts and principles across the disciplines.	Cycle 2 Fall 2015 Winter 2016 MGT 495	ETS [®] Major Field Test	Total scores for the Major Field Tests are reported on a scale of 120-200. The average score of ACC majors was 157.8, which was higher than the performance of non-ACC majors (average = 150.5) and the performance of students	Results will be shared with the faculty at a college wide AoL meeting on Sept 16, 2016.	

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
				at our competitive institutions (average=150.9). In terms of specific discipline areas, the ACC majors performed either at par or better than the competitive group in accounting, economics, finance, marketing, legal & social environment, international business and information systems. The student performance was marginally below the competitive group in management and quantitative business analysis.		

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(3) Informed Decision Making	Analyze and integrate the impact of strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats in business decisions.	Cycle 1 Winter 2016 ACC 414	Paper	N = 30 Average scores ranged from 2.8 to 3.37. Between 66.7% to 90% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a fourpoint scale rubric.	Results will be shared with the faculty at a college wide AoL meeting on Sept 16, 2016.	Student performance was weak in the area of developing strategic options.
	Analyze and integrate the impact of global forces in business decisions.	Cycle 1 Winter 2016 ACC 414	Paper	N = 30 Average scores ranged from 2.63 to 3.13. Between 56.7% to 80% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a fourpoint scale rubric.	Results will be shared with the faculty at a college wide AoL meeting on Sept 16, 2016.	Student performance was weak in the area of identification of cultural factors in international settings using a cultural framework.
(4) Ethics and Values	Apply ethical theories and models to ethical problems. Identify their own values and understand how value systems impact decisionmaking.	Cycle 1 Fall 2015 ECO 440	Paper	N = 13 Average scores of ACC students enrolled in the course ranged from 2.92 to 4. Between 69.2% to 100% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a fourpoint scale rubric.	Results will be shared with the faculty at a college wide AoL meeting on Sept 16, 2016.	Student performance was weak in the area of values clarification.

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(5) Technical Accounting Knowledge	Recognize, measure, record, analyze and interpret accounting elements within financial statements.	Cycle 1 Fall 2015 ACC 310	Cumulative Assessment Problem	N = 73 Average scores ranged from 3.74 to 3.89. Between 97.3% to 98.6% of the students sampled performed at	Results will be shared with the faculty at a college wide AoL meeting on Sept 16, 2016.	
	Knowledge of current accounting practices and theory.			level 3 or 4 on a four- point scale rubric.		
	Understanding of the strategic role of accounting in business organizations.					
(6) CPA Examination	Average score and overall pass rate exceeds the average for the state and all jurisdictions.	Cycle 2 Calendar Year 2015	CPA Exam (Indirect measure)	Student pass rate (62.8%) was greater than the average for all Michigan universities (55.4%) and the average for all jurisdictions (49.26%).	SOA receives the NASBA report on the CPA Exam annually	Given the strong student performance no adjustments are recommended at this time.
	Pass rate in each exam section exceeds the state and national average pass rate.					

MSA

MSA Revised Learning Goals and Objectives, Effective Fall 2015

(1) Effective Business Communication

- 1.1 Students will develop clear, concise and well-organized written communication.
- 1.2 Students will develop and deliver effective formal presentations.

(2) Business Acumen and Strategic Decision Making

- 2.1 Students will demonstrate proficiency in accounting knowledge and concepts.
- 2.2 Students will demonstrate proficiency in analyzing business problems and recommending solutions.

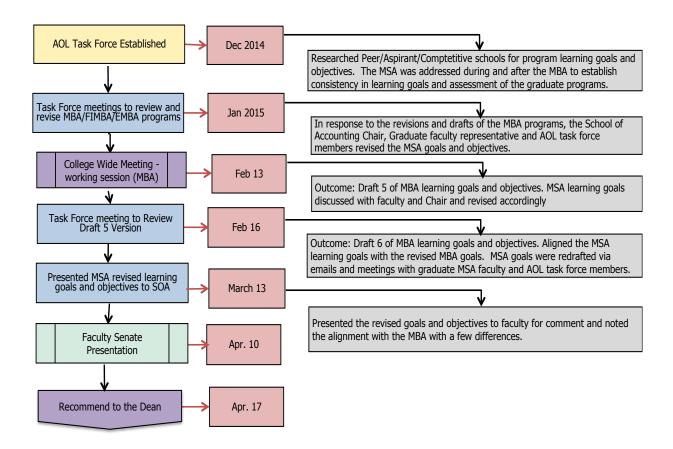
(3) Global Perspective

3.1 Students will identify inter-cultural and global factors impacting accounting decision-making.

(4) Ethical Awareness and Competence

4.1 Students will understand various influences on, and be able to apply various approaches to, ethical decision-making.

Process Followed to Revise Learning Goals and Objectives



Curriculum Map MSA Curriculum Map to Assess Revised Learning Goals and Objectives

Goals and Objectives\Courses	ACC 607	ACC 613	ACC 617	ACC 620
1. Effective Business Communication				
1.1 Students will develop clear, concise and well-organized written communication.	R		R	A, R
1.2 Students will develop and deliver effective formal presentations.	R, A		R, A	A, R
2. Business Acumen and Strategic Decision Making				
2.1 Students will demonstrate proficiency in accounting knowledge and concepts.		R, A	I, R	R
2.2 Students will demonstrate proficiency in analyzing business problems and recommending solutions.		I, R, A		
3. Global Perspective				
3.1 Students will identify inter-cultural and global factors impacting accounting decision-making.			I, R, A	R
4. Ethical Awareness and Competence				
4.1 Students will understand various influences on, and be able to apply various approaches to, ethical decision-making.	I, R, A			

I = Introduced, R = Reinforced, A = Assessed

Rubrics to Assess the Revised MSA Learning Goals and Objectives

MSA Written Communication Rubric (Goal 1.1)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Content	Paper does not identify thesis or purpose. Analysis vague or missing. Reader is confused or misinformed	Some analysis of a thesis or purpose. Reader gains few insights	Basic analysis of a thesis or purpose. Reader gains some insights	Thoughtful and insightful analysis of a clearly presented thesis or purpose. Reader gains insight
Determine Needed Information	No or almost no recognition that additional information needed for analysis	Recognized a few types of information needed for analysis; may have included unnecessary information	Recognized most of the necessary information needed for analysis; may have included tangential information	Recognized exactly what information was needed for analysis
Generate Needed Information	Lacked an understanding of the variety of available resources	Examined a minimal number of resources or relied too much on one type	Examined most major resources available; might have missed a few	Examined a wide variety of resources that met research objective
Organization	Little semblance of logical organization. Reader cannot identify reasoning	Writing is not logical and ideas sometimes fail to make sense. Reader needs to work to figure out meaning	Ideas are, for the most part, arranged logically and linked. Reader can follow most of the reasoning	Ideas are arranged logically, flow smoothly, and are clearly linked. Reader can easily follow reasoning
References	References are not or mostly not presented	Occasional references are provided	Complete references are generally present	Sources of presented evidence are clearly and fairly represented
Style	Format is not recognizable	Format of document reflects incomplete knowledge of standard	A standard format is used with minor violations	A standard format is used accurately and consistently
Mechanics	Writing errors are so numerous that they obscure meaning	Numerous writing errors that distract reader	Occasional writing errors; don't represent a major distraction	Writing is free or almost free of errors

MSA Formal Presentation Rubric (Goal 1.2)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
	Presentation is	Presentation is	Presentation flows	Presentation is
	very disorganized;	confusing and	smoothly with	smooth, polished
	little flow; vague;	disorganized in a	occasional	and organized;
Organization	difficult to	number of places;	confusion or rough	flows well
	understand	disconnected or	patches between	
		choppy; takes	ideas	
		some effort to		
		follow		
	Presenter is very	Presenter is	Presenter is	Presenter is very
	uncomfortable;	somewhat	generally	comfortable;
	speech is rushed,	uncomfortable or	comfortable;	speaks clearly and
Delivery	slow or	nervous; limited	somewhat	expressively;
	inarticulate; style	expression;	polished; minor	words and
	is distracting or	noticeable use of	use of filler words	sentences flow
	annoying	filler words (uhs,	(uhs, likes) or	
	Points not clear;	likes) or pauses Information is	pauses Sufficient	Abundance o
	irrelevant			
-	information does	confusing in places; too much	information; many good points made;	material; points clearly made;
Content	not support ideas;	or too little	some areas	evidence supports;
	listeners gain little	information;	lacking; listener	listeners gain
	instellers gain intile	listener gains a few	gains adequate	insight
		insights	insight	msignt
	Communication	Communication	Professional	Appropriate,
	aids are poorly	aids marginally	communication	varied, and
Communication	prepared and/or	prepared; do not	aids, but not	professional
Aids	distracting, or	support	varied; may use	communication
Alus	nonexistent	presentation well	too many/too few	aids enhance
				presentation
	Reads entire	Reads most of	Maintains eye	Maintains eye
	report, making no	report; makes	contact, but returns	contact throughout
Nonverbals	eye contact with	occasional eye	to notes frequently	presentation;
	audience	contact		seldom returns to
				notes
	No creativity at all.	Mostly presented	Some interesting	Involved audience;
	Audience lost	information with	twists; held	made points in a
Creativity	interest	little imagination;	attention most of	creative way; held
		audience	the time	attention
	** 11	frequently bored		throughout
	Unable to	Often	Responds to most	Responds to all
Audience	accurately answer	answers questions	questions clearly	questions clearly
Interaction	questions	superficially or	and accurately	and accurately
		long-windedly		

MSA Business Acumen and Strategic Decision Making Rubric (Goals 2.1 - 2.2)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Assesses Financial Performance	Analysis is completely inadequate; several critical factors missing from analysis	Considers some critical factors in analysis but misses one or two major ones	Includes most relevant critical factors in analysis; may miss a few minor ones	Analyzes the financial performance clearly and completely; identifies all important critical factors
Assesses Competitive Position	Analysis of competitive position, competitive advantage, and competitive sustainability is superficial or extremely incomplete	Analysis of competitive position, advantage, and sustainability misses one or two major considerations	Satisfactorily analyzed competitive position, advantage, and sustainability; May have missed a few minor considerations	Completely and correctly analyzes competitive position, competitive advantage, and competitive sustainability
Demonstrates Proficiency in Accounting Knowledge and Concepts	Unable to prepare a complete set of projected financial statements; internal consistency not maintained	Prepares an internally consistent set of forecasted financial statements but does not support several of the critical assumptions	Prepares an internally consistent set of forecasted financial statements with adequate support for critical assumptions	Prepares an internally consistent set of forecasted financial statements with extensive support for all critical assumptions
Develops Strategic Investment Options	Development of strategic investment options missing, incorrect, or superficial	Attempts to develop strategic investment options but analysis and defense are incomplete	Correctly develops, analyzes, and defends a limited number of strategic investment options	Thoughtfully develops, analyzes, and defends a suitable number of strategic investment options

MSA Global Perspective Rubric (Goal 3.1)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
	Mostly wrong or	At least one major	Acceptably	Completely and
Implementation	absent	mistake or	identified the	accurately
Issues per	identification of	omission when	appropriate	identified the
International	appropriate	identifying the	international	appropriate
Accounting	international	appropriate international	accounting standard or	international
Standards and	accounting standard or			accounting standard or
Regulations		accounting standard or	regulation; minor mistakes or	
	regulation	regulation	omissions	regulation
	Mostly wrong or	At least one major	Acceptably	Completely and
TT 1 4 1º	absent	mistake or	identified how	accurately
Understanding	identification of	omission when	cultural and	identified how
Influence of	how cultural and	discussing how	regulatory	cultural and
Cultural	regulatory	cultural and	differences can	regulatory
Differences on	differences can	regulatory	influence	differences can
Financial	influence	differences can	international	influence
Reporting	international	influence	financial reporting;	international
	financial reporting	international	minor mistakes or	financial reporting
	maneral reporting	financial reporting	omissions	inanional reporting
	Mostly wrong or	At least one major	Acceptably	Completely and
Impact of	absent	mistake or	identified how	accurately
Cultural	identification of	omission when	cultural differences	identified how
Differences on	how cultural	discussing how	can influence	cultural differences
Corporate	differences can	cultural differences	corporate social	can influence
Responsibilities	influence corporate	can influence	responsibility and	corporate social
=	social	corporate social	reporting	responsibility and
and Reporting	responsibility and	responsibility and		reporting
	reporting	reporting		

MSA Ethical Awareness And Competence Rubric (Goal 4.1)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
	Identification of	Identifies only	Identifies most of	Completely and
Identification of	ethical concerns is	some of the ethical	the ethical	thoughtfully
Ethical Issues	sparse or missing	concerns in a	concerns in a	identifies all ethical
		complex situation.	complex situation.	concerns in a
		Omits a few major	May omit a few	complex situation
		points	minor points	
	Application of	Application of	Good application	Completely and
	consequentalist,	consequentalist,	of consequentalist,	thoughtfully
Application of	deontological and	deontological and	deontological and	applies
Ethical	virtue ethical	virtue ethical	virtue ethical	consequentalist,
Theory/Models	decision making	decision making	decision making	deontological and
Theory/Models	models to complex	models to complex	models; may miss	virtue ethical
	situation is sparse	situation is	some details or	decision models to
	or missing	superficial or	nuances	complex situation
		incomplete		
	Approach/plan	Approach/plan	Developed a	Developed a
	about how to	about how to	realistic	realistic and
	behave in a	behave in a	approach/plan	thoughtful
Personal Voice and	complex situation	complex situation	about how to	approach/plan
Action	is unrealistic or	fails to consider	behave in a	about how to
Action	missing	some important	complex situation;	behave in a
		points or	missed some minor	complex situation
		conditions	considerations	
	Minimal	Marginal	Satisfactory	Complete
	understanding of	understanding of	understanding of	understating of the
Knowledge of	the role and	the role and	the role and	role and standards
Standards	standards of the	standards of the	standards of the	of the professional
	professional	professional	professional	accountant
	accountant	accountant	accountant	
	Unrealistic or	Superficial or	Satisfactory	Effective and
	severely limited	incomplete	recommendation	realistic
Governance	recommendation	recommendation	about governance	recommendation
Recommendation	about governance	about governance	procedures to	about governance
	procedures to	procedures to	promote ethical	procedures to
	promote ethical	promote ethical	behavior	promote ethical
	behavior	behavior		behavior

MSA Learning Goals and Objectives Prior to Fall 2015

(1) Seidman MSA graduates will be effective accounting researchers. They will be able to

- 1.1 evaluate and choose best sources of accounting information.
- 1.2 identify and access relevant accounting standards, rules, and other necessary information.
- 1.3 analogize from existing accounting rules and guidance to problems not explicitly addressed by current standards or other authoritative sources.
- 1.4 reconcile conflicting/ambiguous accounting standards or other authoritative sources.

(2) Seidman MSA graduates will be effective communicators. They will be able to

- 2.1 deliver an effective formal oral presentation.
- 2.2 write focused documents that draw on multiple sources to articulate complex ideas.

(3) Seidman MSA graduates will use enterprise systems to enhance accounting competencies. They will be able to

- 3.1 retrieve information needed for accounting reports and decisions from automated enterprise systems.
- 3.2 identify and suggest improvements for control weaknesses in automated enterprise systems.
- 3.3 represent enterprise transaction cycles using conceptual models that can be implemented with relational database technology.

(4) Seidman MSA graduates will be prepared to recognize and respond to ethical questions encountered in the practice of accounting. They will be able to

- 4.1 apply ethical models and theories to decision making.
- 4.2 make a realistic recommendation about governance procedures that will promote ethical behavior.
- 4.3 identify ethical concerns and stakeholders in situations encountered by accountants.
- 4.4 develop a realistic and thoughtful plan about how to behave in an ethical situation.
- 4.5 identify the role of the professional accountant in an ethical situation.

(5) Seidman MSA graduates will be internationally literate. They will be able to

- 5.1 identify how cultural and regulatory differences influence the endorsement of international accounting standards.
- 5.2 identify how cultural differences influence the setting of accounting standards.
- 5.3 identify how cultural differences influence the implementation of International Financial Reporting Standards.

(6) Seidman MSA graduates will be technically competent. They will be able to

- 6.1 use frameworks and models to comprehend and analyze accounting practices.
- 6.2 identify and address audit risk.
- 6.3 use relevant and reliable measurement and disclosure criteria.

(7) Seidman MSA graduates will be prepared for the CPA examination. The set of MSA students electing to take the CPA exam will:

- 7.1 have an average score and an overall pass rate that exceeds the average for all jurisdictions.
- 7.2 have an average score and an overall pass rate that exceeds the average for the state of Michigan.

Rubrics to Assess the MSA Goals and Objectives Prior to Fall 2015

MSA Accounting Research Rubric (Goal 1.1 - 1.4)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Standards and Rules Many mistake when identifying and assessing relevant standards and rules		At least one major omission when identifying and assessing relevant standards and rules	Identified and assessed most relevant standards and rules; made minor mistakes	Identified and assessed all relevant standards and rules
Information Sources	Was mostly or completely unable to choose relevant information sources to best solve problem	Chose weaker or tangential information sources to solve problem	Chose acceptable information sources to solve problem	Chose only the best information sources to solve problem
Reconcile Standards	completely unable to reconcile when reconciling conflicting and ambiguous ambiguous s		Mostly able to reconcile conflicting and ambiguous standards; made minor mistakes	Completely and correctly reconciled conflicting or ambiguous standards
Was mostly or completely unable w to analogize from		Major omissions when analogizing from existing rules to situations not explicitly addressed by standards and authoritative sources	Acceptable job of analogizing from existing rules to situations not explicitly addressed by standards and authoritative sources; left out some details or reasoning	Completely and correctly analogized from existing rules to situations not explicitly addressed by current standards or authoritative sources

MSA Formal Presentation Rubric (Goal 2.1)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
	Presentation is	Presentation is	Presentation flows	Presentation is
	very disorganized;			smooth, polished
	little flow; vague;	disorganized in a	occasional	and organized;
Organization	difficult to	number of places;	confusion or rough	flows well
	understand	disconnected or	patches between	
		choppy; takes	ideas	
		some effort to		
		follow		
	Presenter is very	Presenter is	Presenter is	Presenter is very
	uncomfortable;	somewhat	generally	comfortable;
	speech is rushed,	uncomfortable or	comfortable;	speaks clearly and
Delivery	slow or	nervous; limited	somewhat	expressively;
	inarticulate; style	expression;	polished; minor	words and
	is distracting or	noticeable use of	use of filler words	sentences flow
	annoying	filler words (uhs,	(uhs, likes) or	
	Points not clear;	likes) or pauses Information is	pauses Sufficient	Abundance o
	irrelevant			
-	information does	confusing in information; many		material; points clearly made;
Content	not support ideas;	places; too much or too little	good points made; some areas	evidence supports;
	listeners gain little	information;	lacking; listener	listeners gain
	instellers gain intile	listener gains a few	gains adequate	insight
		insights	insight	msignt
	Communication	Communication	Professional	Appropriate,
	aids are poorly	aids marginally	communication	varied, and
Communication	prepared and/or	prepared; do not	aids, but not	professional
Aids	distracting, or	support	varied; may use	communication
Alus	nonexistent	presentation well	too many/too few	aids enhance
				presentation
	Reads entire	Reads most of	Maintains eye	Maintains eye
	report, making no	report; makes	contact, but returns	contact throughout
Nonverbals	eye contact with	occasional eye	to notes frequently	presentation;
	audience	contact		seldom returns to
				notes
	No creativity at all.	Mostly presented	Some interesting	Involved audience;
	Audience lost	information with	twists; held	made points in a
Creativity	interest	little imagination;	attention most of	creative way; held
		audience	the time	attention
	** 11	frequently bored		throughout
	Unable to	Often	Responds to most	Responds to all
Audience	accurately answer	answers questions	questions clearly	questions clearly
Interaction	questions	superficially or	and accurately	and accurately
		long-windedly		

MSA Written Communication Rubric (Goal 2.2)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Content	Paper does not identify thesis or purpose. Analysis vague or missing. Reader is confused or misinformed	Some analysis of a thesis or purpose. Reader gains few insights	Basic analysis of a thesis or purpose. Reader gains some insights	Thoughtful and insightful analysis of a clearly presented thesis or purpose. Reader gains insight
Determine Needed Information	No or almost no recognition that additional information needed for analysis	Recognized a few types of information needed for analysis; may have included unnecessary information	Recognized most of the necessary information needed for analysis; may have included tangential information	Recognized exactly what information was needed for analysis
Generate Needed Information	Lacked an understanding of the variety of available resources	Examined a minimal number of resources or relied too much on one type	Examined most major resources available; might have missed a few	Examined a wide variety of resources that met research objective
Organization	Little semblance of logical organization. Reader cannot identify reasoning	Writing is not logical and ideas sometimes fail to make sense. Reader needs to work to figure out meaning	Ideas are, for the most part, arranged logically and linked. Reader can follow most of the reasoning	Ideas are arranged logically, flow smoothly, and are clearly linked. Reader can easily follow reasoning
References	References are not or mostly not presented	Occasional references are provided	Complete references are generally present	Sources of presented evidence are clearly and fairly represented
Style	Format is not recognizable	Format of document reflects incomplete knowledge of standard	A standard format is used with minor violations	A standard format is used accurately and consistently
Mechanics	Writing errors are so numerous that they obscure meaning	Numerous writing errors that distract reader	Occasional writing errors; don't represent a major distraction	Writing is free or almost free of errors

MSA Enterprise Systems Rubric (Goals 3.1 - 3.3)

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Use of Conceptual Models	The representation of enterprise transaction cycles is markedly lacking in both entities and relationships	The representation of enterprise transaction cycles is markedly lacking in either entities or relationships	The representation of enterprise transaction cycles includes most required entities and most required relationships	The representation of enterprise transaction cycles includes all required entities and all required relationships
Retrieval of Information for Accounting Purposes	Mostly wrong or absent retrieval of required information from automated systems	At least one major mistake or omission when retrieving required information from automated systems	Minor mistakes or omissions when retrieving required information from automated systems	Complete and accurate retrieval of required information from automated systems
Corrections for Control Weaknesses	Incorrect or absent identification of control weaknesses	Identified some control weaknesses with acceptable solutions for correction; OR identified most control weaknesses but provided inadequate solutions for correcting those weaknesses	Identified most control weaknesses; provided acceptable solutions for correcting those weaknesses	Identified all control weaknesses; provided acceptable solutions for correcting those weaknesses

MSA Ethical Reasoning Rubric (Goals 4.1 - 4.5)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
	Identification of	Identifies only	Identifies most of	Completely and
	ethical concerns is	some of the ethical	the ethical	thoughtfully
Identification of	sparse or missing	concerns in a concerns in a		identifies all
Ethical Issues		complex situation.	complex situation.	ethical concerns in
	ļ	Omits a few major	May omit a few	a complex
		points	minor points	situation
	Application of	Application of	Good application	Completely and
	consequentalist,	consequentalist,	of consequentalist,	thoughtfully
	deontological and	deontological and	deontological and	applies
Application of	virtue ethical	virtue ethical	virtue ethical	consequentalist,
Ethical	decision making	decision making	decision making	deontological and
Theory/Models	models to complex	models to complex	models; may miss	virtue ethical
Theory in today	situation is sparse	situation is	some details or	decision models to
	or missing	superficial or	nuances	complex situation
	1/1	incomplete	D 1 1	D 1 1
	Approach/plan	Approach/plan	Developed a	Developed a
	about how to	about how to realistic		realistic and
	behave in a	behave in a approach/plan		thoughtful
Personal Voice	complex situation is unrealistic or	complex situation fails to consider	about how to behave in a	approach/plan about how to
and Action				behave in a
	missing	some important points or	complex situation; missed some	
	ļ	conditions	minor	complex situation
		Collations	considerations	
	Minimal	Marginal	Satisfactory	Complete
	understanding of	understanding of	understanding of	understating of the
Knowledge of	the role and	the role and	the role and	role and standards
Standards	standards of the	standards of the	standards of the	of the professional
Standards	professional	professional	professional	accountant
	accountant	accountant	accountant	
	Unrealistic or	Superficial or	Satisfactory	Effective and
	severely limited	incomplete	recommendation	realistic
Governance	recommendation	recommendation	about governance	recommendation
Recommendation	about governance	about governance	procedures to	about governance
Recommendation	procedures to	procedures to	promote ethical	procedures to
	promote ethical	promote ethical	behavior	promote ethical
	behavior	behavior		behavior

MSA International Literacy Rubric (Goals 5.1 - 5.3)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
	Mostly wrong or	At least one major	Acceptably	Completely and
	absent	mistake or	identified how	accurately
Setting of	identification of omission when cultural differences		identified how	
International	how cultural	discussing how	can influence the	cultural differences
	differences can	cultural differences	setting of	can influence the
Accounting	influence the	can influence the	accounting	setting of
Standards	setting of	setting of	standards; minor	accounting
	accounting	accounting	mistakes or	standards
	standards	standards	omissions	
	Mostly wrong or	At least one major	Acceptably	Completely and
Implementation	absent	mistake or	identified how	accurately
Issues per	identification of	omission when	cultural differences	identified how
International	how cultural	discussing how	can influence the	cultural differences
Accounting	differences can	cultural differences	implementation of	can influence the
Standards	influence the	can influence the	IFRS; minor	implementation of
Standards	implementation of	implementation of	mistakes or	IFRS
	IFRS	IFRS	omissions	
	Mostly wrong or	At least one major	Acceptably	Completely and
	absent	mistake or	identified how	accurately
	identification of	omission when	cultural and	identified how
Endorsement of	how cultural and	discussing how	regulatory	cultural and
International	regulatory	cultural and	differences can	regulatory
	differences can	regulatory	influence	differences can
Accounting	influence	differences can	endorsement of	influence
Standards	endorsement of	influence	international	endorsement of
	international	endorsement of	accounting	international
	accounting	international	standards; minor	accounting
	standards	accounting	mistakes or	standards
		standards	omissions	

MSA Technical Competence Rubric (Goals 6.1 - 6.3)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Identified and Addressed Audit Risk (where Appropriate)	Answer was mostly wrong; clear that student did not know how to conceptualize or approach problem	Made at least one major mistake with identification, estimation, or proper accounting	Correctly identified proper accounting, but left out minor or supporting details	Correctly identified proper accounting and supporting details
Measurement and Disclosure	Failed to identify or use reliable measurement and disclosure criteria	Made one or more major mistakes per relevant and reliable measurement and disclosure criteria	Used acceptable reliable and relevant measurement and disclosure criteria; minor mistakes or omissions	Used the most relevant and reliable measurement and disclosure criteria
Frameworks and Models or use an appropriate major mistakes identifying framework/modusing it to anal		Made one or more major mistakes either identifying a framework/model or using it to analyze accounting practices	Applied a good model/framework; acceptably analyzed accounting practices	Applied the optimal framework/model to correctly and completely analyze accounting practices

MSA CPA Exam Performance Rubric (Goals 7.1 - 7.2)

The annual National Association of State Boards of Accountancy (NASBA) report on CPA scores is used to assess this goal. Consequently it is not supported by a rubric.

MSA Assessment Calendar 2011-2016

MSA	2011-2015 Goals and Objectives	F11	W12	F12	W13	F13	W14	F14	W15
1	Effective Accounting Researchers							X	
2	Effective Communicators								
	2.1 Oral Communication				X		X		
	2.2 Written Communication		X						X
3	Use Enterprise Systems							X	
4	Ethical Reasoning*					X			
5	International Literacy**				X				
6	Technical Competence				X			X	
7	Prepared for the CPA				X				

^{*}Comparable to the new ethical awareness & competence goal

^{**}Comparable to the new global perspective goal

MSA	2015-2016 Revised Goals and Objectives	F15	W16	S16
1	Effective Business Communication			
	1.1 Effective Communication (written)			
	1.2 Effective Communication (oral)			
2	Business Acumen & Strategic Decision Making	X		
3	Global Perspective			X
4	Ethical Awareness & Competence	X		

Goal assessed once in the five year cycle New goal

MSA Program Learning Goals and Objectives MSA - Assurance of Learning Progress Chart (2011 - 2015)

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(1) Accounting Research	Evaluate and choose best sources of accounting information. Identify and access relevant accounting standards, rules, and other necessary information. Analogize from existing accounting rules and guidance to problems not explicitly addressed by current standards or other authoritative sources. Reconcile conflicting/ambiguous accounting standards or other authoritative sources.	Cycle 1 Fall 2014 ACC 620 Cycle 2 goal was not assessed	Case	N = 20 Average scores ranged from 3.42 to 3.63. At least 90% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a fourpoint scale rubric.	Results were shared with the school of accounting (SOA) faculty in Winter 2015.	Previous assessment in W2011 revealed weakness in the area of citing resources. SOA faculty decided to further emphasize citing resources correctly within the text of papers assigned in ACC 620 with consistent feedback throughout the semester. Results from the most recent assessment show a marked improvement in student performance in this area. The average score improved from 3.2 to 3.42.

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(2) Effective Communicators	Deliver an effective formal oral presentation.	Cycle 1 Summer 2013 ACC 620	Oral Presentation	N = 8 Average scores ranged from 3.13 to 3.88. Between 62.5% and 100% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a fourpoint scale rubric.	Results were shared with the SOA faculty in Fall 2013.	Although student performance was good overall, nonverbal communication was one area where 62.5% of the students met the target. Given the small N, with the exception of performing the assessment in a larger section in the next cycle no further action was taken at this time.
		Cycle 2 Winter 2014 ACC 620	Oral Presentation	N = 19 Between 84.2% and 100% of the students samples performed at level 3 or 4 on a fourpoint scale rubric.	Results were shared with the SOA faculty in Fall 2014.	Performance was strong. Students did consistently well on all traits and showed a significant improvement in nonverbal communication from 62.5% performing at level 3 or 4 to 84.2% performing at the targeted level. Due to the overall excellent performance no further action was taken.
	Write focused documents that draw on multiple sources to articulate complex ideas.	Cycle 1 Winter 2012 ACC 617	International Case	N =21 Average scores ranged from 2.86 to 3.24. Between 71.4% and 95.2% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a fourpoint scale rubric.	Results were shared with the SOA faculty in Fall 2012.	2010 assessment revealed weakness in the areas of citation and documentation of sources. Faculty decided to emphasize these skills in the course. Students showed significant improvement in citing and documenting sources. Although student performance improved on all traits measured, the average scores were below three on generating information, style and mechanics. The SOA faculty decided to (1) allocate more time in class to stress upon these areas and (2) share and discuss the rubric with students at the beginning of the semester.

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
		Cycle 2 Winter 2015 ACC 617	International Case	N = 36 Average scores ranged from 3.00 to 3.31. Between 72.2% and 86.11% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a fourpoint scale rubric.	Results were shared with the SOA faculty in Fall 2015.	Student performance improved significantly on all traits. Since the results were generally good, no additional action was recommended at this time.
(3) Enterprise Systems	Retrieve information needed for accounting reports and decisions from automated enterprise systems. Identify and suggest improvements for control weaknesses in automated enterprise systems.	Cycle 1 Fall 2014 ACC 616	Case	N = 17 Average scores ranged from 3.23 to 3.59. Between 76.5% and 94.1% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a fourpoint scale rubric.	Results were shared with the SOA faculty in Winter 2015.	Results indicate strong student performance on all objectives. No further adjustments to the course were recommended at this time.
	Represent enterprise transaction cycles using conceptual models that can be implemented with relational database technology.	Cycle 2 Not assessed				

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(4) Ethical Reasoning	Apply ethical models and theories to decision making. Make a realistic recommendation about governance procedures that will promote ethical behavior. Identify ethical concerns and stakeholders in situations encountered by accountants. Develop a realistic and thoughtful plan about how to behave in an ethical situation. Identify the role of the professional accountant in an ethical situation.	Cycle 1 Fall 2013 ACC 607	Case	N = 23 Average scores ranged from 2.7 to 3.1. Between 54.2% and 79.2% of the students sample performed at level 3 or 4 on a four-point scale rubric.	Results were shared with the SOA faculty in Winter 2014.	Although student performance in all areas on the last assessment in 2010 was strong, this assessment revealed weaknesses in the areas of application of theories and personal voice. Also knowledge of standards was not addressed in this assessment. Faculty decided to (i) spend more time in class discussing ethical approaches to decision making and applying these approaches to specific situations and (ii) address knowledge of standards in the next assessment.

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(5) International Literacy	Identify how cultural and regulatory differences influence the endorsement of international accounting standards. Identify how cultural differences influence the setting of accounting standards. Identify how cultural differences influence the implementation of International Financial Reporting Standards.	Cycle I Winter 2013 ACC 617	Exam	N = 19 Between 68.4% and 89.5% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a four- point scale rubric.	Results were shared with the SOA faculty in Fall 2013.	Student performance on identifying how cultural and regulatory differences influence the endorsement of international accounting standards (68.4%) is unacceptable. The faculty teaching this course will devote more time in the classroom on factors promoting as well as impeding US adoption of international standards. The next assessment of this goal in Spring 2016 will determine if further corrective action is required.
(6) Technical Competence	Use frameworks and models to comprehend and analyze accounting practices. Identify and address audit risk. Use relevant and reliable measurement and disclosure criteria.	Cycle 1 Winter 2013 ACC 618	Exam	N = 18 Average scores ranged from 1.8 to 2.4. Between 22.2% and 44.4% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a four-point scale rubric.	Results were shared with the SOA faculty in Fall 2013.	Student performance on the assessment of framework and models and measurements and disclosure was weak. Faculty teaching the course will spend more class time on these topics.

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
		Cycle 2 Fall 2014 ACC 618		N = 24 Average scores ranged from 2.3 to 2.5. Approximately 54.4% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a four-point scale rubric.	Results were shared with the SOA faculty in Winter 2015.	Although student performance improved in the assessment of framework and models and measurement and disclosure, more work remains to be done in these areas. Moreover, audit risk is not taught in ACC 618 where technical competence is assessed. As a result audit risk was not assessed during both cycles. Keeping these issues in mind, this goal was revised in Winter 2015.
(7) CPA Examination	Average score and an overall pass rate that exceeds the average for all jurisdictions.	Cycle 1 Calendar Year 2012	CPA Exam (Indirect measure)	Student pass rate (68.2%) was greater than the average for all Michigan universities (63%) and the average for all jurisdictions (54.3%).	SOA receives the NASBA report on the CPA Exam annually	Given the strong student performance no adjustments are recommended at this time.
	Average score and an overall pass rate that exceeds the average for the state of Michigan.	Cycle 2 Calendar Year 2015	CPA Exam (Indirect measure)	Student pass rate (62.8%) was greater than the average for all Michigan universities (55.4%) and the average for all jurisdictions (49.26%).	SOA receives the NASBA report on the CPA Exam annually	Given the strong student performance no adjustments are recommended at this time.

MSA Program Revised Learning Goals and Objectives MSA - Assurance of Learning Progress Chart (2015 - 2016)

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(1) Effective Communicators	Develop clear, concise, and well-organized written communication. Develop and deliver effective formal presentations.	The assessment of this goal is complete. It has been assessed twice in the five-year cycle.				
(2) Business Acumen and Strategic Decision Making	Demonstrate proficiency in accounting knowledge and concepts.	Cycle 1 Fall 2015 ACC 613	Paper	N = 30 Average scores ranged from 2.5 to 2.8. Between 53.3% and 83.3% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a four-point scale rubric.	Results will be shared with the faculty at a college wide AoL meeting on Sept 16, 2016.	Student performance was below satisfactory in the analysis of financial performance and providing strategic investment options. Initial closing of the loop discussion is scheduled for Sept 16, 2016. Thereafter a goal assessment team (GAT) will be formed to make recommendations on changes to the curriculum or teaching methodology required to improve student performance. The GAT will submit its report to the faculty senate by the end of Fall 2016 semester. The recommendations will consequently be implemented in Winter 2017.
	Demonstrate proficiency in analyzing business problems and recommending solutions.					

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(3) Global Perspective	Identify inter-cultural and global factors impacting accounting decision-making.	Cycle 2 Spring 2016 ACC 617 This goal was previously known as International Literacy	Paper	N = 25	Results not available yet	Results will be shared with the faculty at a college wide AoL meeting on Sept 16, 2016. The next steps will be informed by student performance on the revised goal.
(4) Ethical Awareness and Competence	Understand various influences on, and be able to apply various approaches to, ethical decision-making.	Cycle 2 Fall 2015 ACC 607 This goal was previously known as Ethical Reasoning	Paper	N = 33 Average scores ranged from 3.15 to 3.97. Between 81.8% and 100% of the students sampled performed at level 3 or 4 on a four-point scale rubric.	Results were shared with the SOA faculty in Winter 2016.	Students performed very well on this goal. Two areas where students can perform better are knowledge of standards and governance. Accordingly the SOA has moved in the direction of greater coverage of the descriptive literature on how ethical decisions are actually made as opposed to the more traditional coverage of normative ethics of how ethical decisions should be made. In addition, the SOA intends to incorporate behavioral influences on decision-making in the future offerings of ACC 607.

MST

MST Revised Learning Goals and Objectives, Effective Fall 2015

(1) Ethical Awareness and Competence.

1.1 Students will identify and analyze ethical issues commonly faced by tax professionals and make appropriate recommendations.

(2) Effective tax communication.

- 2.1 Students will provide concise and articulate synopsis of tax matters demonstrating proper language structure, grammar and mechanics.
- 2.2 Students will demonstrate a context and audience appropriate writing style.

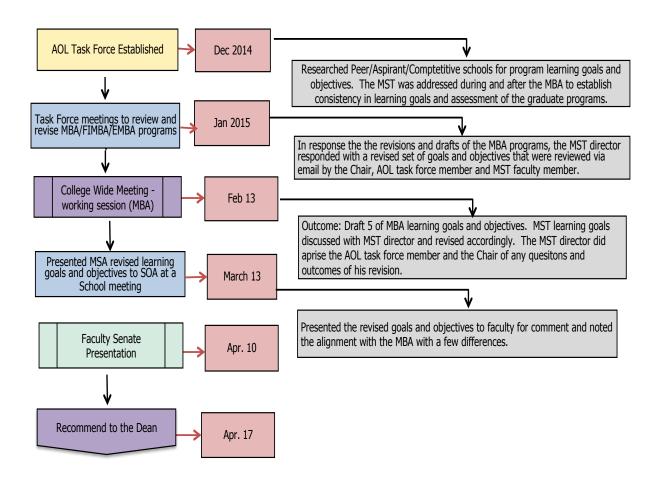
(3) Substantive tax law.

- 3.1 Students will correctly identify tax issues and apply appropriate tax laws.
- 3.2 Students will accurately determine all tax consequences for current transactions.

(4) Strategic tax analysis and planning.

4.1 Students will effectively analyze client tax situations and develop appropriate tax strategies to resolve client issues.

Process Followed to Revise Learning Goals and Objectives



Curriculum Map MST Curriculum Map to Assess Revised Learning Goals and Objectives

Goals and Objectives\Courses	ACC 622	ACC 623	ACC 624	ACC 625	ACC 627	ACC 628	ACC 629	ACC 630	ACC 631	ACC 632	ACC 633	ACC 636	ACC 640	ACC 641
1. Ethical Awareness and Competence														
1.1 Students will identify and analyze ethical issues commonly faced by tax professionals and make appropriate recommendations.	I		I,R	R				R	R	R	R	R,A	R	R
2. Effective tax communication														
2.1 Students will provide concise and articulate synopsis of tax matters demonstrating proper language structure, grammar and mechanics.	I	R	I,R	R	R	R	R					R,A	R	R
2.2 Students will demonstrate a context and audience appropriate writing style.	I	R	I,R	R	R	R	R					R,A	R	R
3. Substantive tax law														
3.1 Students will correctly identify tax issues and apply appropriate tax laws.	I	I	I,R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R,A	R	R
3.2 Students will accurately determine all tax consequences for current transactions.	I	I	I,R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R,A	R	R
4. Strategic tax analysis and planning.														
4.1 Students will effectively analyze client tax situations and develop appropriate tax strategies to resolve client issues.	I		I,R	R	R	R	R	R	R		R	R,A	R	R

I = Introduced, R = Reinforced, A = Assessed

Rubrics to Assess the Revised MST Learning Goals and Objectives

MST Ethical Awareness and Competence Rubric (Goal 1.1)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Identifies Ethical Issues Commonly Faced by Tax Professionals	Identification of ethical concerns is sparse or missing	Identifies only some of the ethical concerns in a complex situation; omits at least one major point	Identifies most of the ethical concerns in a complex situation; omits a few minor points	Completely and thoughtfully identifies all ethical concerns in a complex situation
Properly Analyzes Ethical Tax Issues.	Knowledge/ Application of appropriate ethical standard to complex situation is missing or incorrect	Knowledge/ Application of appropriate ethical standard to complex situation is superficial or incomplete; omits at least one major point	Knowledge/ Application of appropriate ethical standard to complex situation is good, but missing some details or nuances	Knowledge/ Application of appropriate ethical standard to complex situation is insightful and complete
Makes Appropriate Recommendations for Action	Approach/plan for corrective action is unrealistic or missing	Approach/plan for corrective action fails to consider at least one major point or condition	Approach/plan for corrective action is mostly complete, but missed some minor considerations	Approach/plan for corrective action is realistic, thoughtful, and complete

MST Effective Tax Communication Rubric (Goals 2.1 - 2.2)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Provides Concise and Articulate Synopsis of Tax Matters	Omits numerous relevant authorities or presents authorities in haphazard progression or without considering weight of authority, settled vs. unsettled law, or adverse authority. Resolution of issue(s) is missing or inadequate	Omits some relevant authorities or progression of authority is somewhat awkward. Awkward or unfocused resolution to the issue(s)	Presents most relevant authorities in somewhat proper progression (highest to lowest weigh of authority), giving mostly proper consideration to weight of authority, settled vs. unsettled law, and adverse authority. Resents somewhat reasonable resolution the issue(s) at hand	Presents all relevant authorities in proper progression (highest to lowest weigh of authority, and general to specific authority), giving proper consideration to weight of authority, settled vs. unsettled law, and adverse authority. Presents reasonable resolution to the issue(s) at hand
Demonstrates Proper Language, Grammar, and Writing Mechanics	Numerous instances of improper spelling, punctuation, paragraph or sentence structure; meaning obscured	Too many instances of improper spelling, punctuation, paragraph or sentence structure; distracts reader	Mostly proper spelling, punctuation, and paragraph and sentence structure	Proper spelling, punctuation, and paragraph and sentence structure
Demonstrates Proper Context and Audience- Appropriate Writing Style	Style highly inappropriate to audience. Omits important attribution of authority or outside information	Style inappropriate to audience, attribution of authority is present, but sloppy or unfocused	Style mostly appropriate to audience, mostly proper attribution of authorities and outside information	Style appropriate to audience, proper attribution of authorities and outside information

MST Substantive Tax Law Rubric (Goals 3.1 - 3.2)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Correctly Identifies Relevant Tax Issues	Omits or conflates relevant tax issues	Weak/poor identification of tax issues	Good identification of most important tax issues	Properly identifies all relevant tax issues
Applies Appropriate Tax Law and Analysis	Poor knowledge and application of tax law	Limited knowledge and application of tax law	Good knowledge and application of tax law	Exhibits complete knowledge and application of tax law
Accurately Determines all Relevant Tax Consequences	Weak/poor analysis of tax consequences	Good but incomplete analysis of tax consequences	Good analysis of tax consequences	Excellent, complete analysis of tax consequences

MST Strategic Analysis and Tax Planning Rubric (Goals 4.1)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Effectively Analyzes Client Tax Situation	Wholly ineffective assessment of client's objectives, no regard to personal vs. business, short-term vs. long- term or higher vs. lower level objectives	Unfocused assessment of client's objectives, not enough regard for personal vs. business, short-term vs. long- term or higher vs. lower level objectives	Straightforward assessment of client's objectives, reasonable consideration of personal vs. business, short-term vs. long- term and higher vs. lower level objectives	Effective assessment of client's personal and business issues, needs and/or objectives; complete consideration of short-term vs. long-term and higher vs. lesser (possibly unknown to client)
Applies Appropriate Tax Authorities	Erroneous interpretation and/or application of tax authority, misidentified or missed altogether	Awkward interpretation and/or application of tax authority to client's situation inadequately identified or construed	Reasonable interpretation and application of tax authority to tax client's situation identifying adverse authority where existent	Best interpretation and application of tax authority to client's situation, appropriately distinguishing adverse or negative authority
Develops Appropriate Tax Strategies to Resolve Client Issues	Erroneous or inappropriate resolution. Does not identify alternative solutions or assess strengths or advantages and disadvantages	Reasonable solution, but no assessment of alternatives. Omits assessment of either strengths/weaknesses or advantages/disadvantag es of possible solutions	Good solution, alternatives lack appropriate assessment. Incomplete assessment of strengths and weaknesses, advantages and disadvantages	Assesses all alternative solutions, giving proper consideration to strengths/weaknesses, advantages/disadvantag es for each alternative

MST Learning Goals and Objectives Prior to Fall 2015

(1) Seidman MST graduates will be prepared to recognize and respond to ethical questions encountered in the practice of tax accounting. They will be able to

- 1.1 demonstrate knowledge of tax professionals' ethical standards.
- 1.2 apply ethical standards to tax decisions.
- 1.3 identify and analyze ethical concerns commonly faced by tax accounts.
- 1.4 make a realistic and thoughtful recommendation that is consistent with standards.

(2) Seidman MST graduates will be effective tax communicators, able to prepare a variety of tax communication documents. They will be able to

- 2.1 demonstrate proper structure, grammar, and mechanics.
- 2.2 provide a brief and articulate synopsis of tax matters under consideration.
- 2.3 use an audience-appropriate writing style.

(3) Seidman MST graduates will apply substantive tax law about the consequences of distributions from a business entity in the context of real-life or simulated client situations. They will be able to

- 3.1 apply tax law to the classification of various distributions.
- 3.2 apply tax law to the determination of the income, gain, or loss resulting from a distribution.
- 3.3 apply tax law to the secondary tax issues applicable to distributions.
- 3.4 apply tax law to the tax basis consequences of a distribution.

(4) Seidman MST graduates will apply substantive tax law about the formation of a business entity in the context of real-life or simulated client situations. They will be able to

- 4.1 apply tax law to the amount and nature of income, gain, or loss on formation transactions.
- 4.2 apply tax law to the secondary tax issues related to the formation of a business entity.
- 4.3 apply tax law to the tax basis consequences of formation transactions.
- 4.4 apply tax law to the tax-free formation of a business entity.
- 4.5 apply tax law to the treatment of partial gain recognition and other exceptional formation transactions.

(5) Seidman MST graduates will be strategic tax planners. They will be able to

- 5.1 correctly apply tax authority to a client's situation.
- 5.2 effectively analyze client situation and assess client needs in dynamic environments.
- 5.3 develop appropriate tax strategies and/or solutions to fit client objectives and needs.
- 5.4 generate and assess all plausible alternatives for a client situation.

- (6) Seidman MST graduates will be effective in analyzing and resolving tax problems. They will be able to
 - 6.1 effectively assess tax facts.
 - 6.2 correctly identify tax issues.
 - 6.3 apply pertinent tax law to the facts and issues.

Rubrics to Assess the MST Learning Goals and Objectives Prior to Fall 2015

MST Ethical Reasoning Rubric (Goals 1.1 - 1.4)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
	Identification of	Identifies only	Identifies most of	Completely and
	Ethical concerns is	some of the ethical	the ethical concerns	thoughtfully
Identification of	sparse or missing.	concerns in a	in a complex	identifies all ethical
Ethical Issues		complex situation;	situation; omits a	concerns in a
Luncai issues		omits at least one	few minor points.	complex situation.
		major point.		
	Understanding of	Understanding of	Understanding of	Complete
	the role and	the role and	the role and	understanding of
	standards of the	standards of the	standards of the	the role and
Knowledge of	professional	professional	professional	standards of the
Standards	accountant is very	accountant omits at	accountant is	professional
Standards	inadequate; lacks	least one major	mostly complete;	accountant.
	thought and	point.	omits details or	
	understanding.		nuances.	
	Application of	Application of	Application of	Application of
	appropriate ethical	appropriate ethical	appropriate ethical	appropriate ethical
Application of	standard to	standard to	standard to complex	standard to
Ethical Standards	complex situation is	complex situation is	situation is good,	complex situation is
	missing or	superficial or	but missing some	insightful and
	incorrect.	incomplete; omits	details or nuances.	complete.
		at least one major		
		point.		
	Approach/plan for	Approach/plan for	Approach/plan for	Approach/plan for
Recommendation	corrective action is	corrective action	corrective action is	corrective action is
for Action	unrealistic or	fails to consider at	mostly complete,	realistic, thoughtful, and complete.
	missing.	least one major	least one major but missed some	
		point or condition.	minor	
			considerations.	

MST Tax Communication Rubric (Goals 2.1 - 2.3)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Effective	Fails to address either	Expresses either the	Expresses areas of tax law	Expresses areas of tax law
Introduction	the areas of law or areas of law or the		and subject matter to be dealt	and subject matter to be
to the	subject matter to be dealt subject matter to be		with briefly and somewhat	discussed briefly and
Analysis	with, or does so	discussed (but not both)	articulately	articulately
Allalysis	awkwardly and without clarity	or discusses one or both somewhat awkwardly		
Effective	Omits numerous relevant	Presents some of the	Presents most relevant facts	Presents a highly logical
	facts and/or includes	relevant facts or	in a reasonably logical	progression of all relevant
Statement of	numerous irrelevant	progression is somewhat	progression.	facts.
the Facts	facts	awkward	Feederstern	
Effective	Omits more than	Omits an important issue	Presents all important issues	Presents and properly
Statement of	one important issue or	or a few sub-issues, or	and most sub-issues with	categorizes all important
the Issues	numerous sub-issues, or	uses somewhat awkward	reasonable categorization.	issues and sub-issues, as
the issues	presents issues/sub-	categorization.		questions to be analyzed
77.00	issues haphazardly.	0 1	B	and resolved.
Effective	Omits numerous relevant authorities or presents	Omits some relevant authorities or	Presents most relevant authorities in somewhat	Presents all relevant authorities in proper
Discussion of	authorities in haphazard	progression of authority	proper progression (highest	progression (highest to
Law/Legal	progression or without	is somewhat awkward	to lowest weigh of authority,	lowest weigh of authority,
Authorities	considering weight of	is some what average	and general to specific	and general to specific
	authority, settled vs.		authority), giving mostly	authority), giving proper
	unsettled law, or adverse		proper consideration to	consideration to weight of
	authority.		weight of authority, settled	authority, settled vs.
			vs. unsettled law, and	unsettled law, and adverse
	TT' 11 1 1		adverse authority.	authority.
Effective	Highly awkward or illogical discussion,	Somewhat awkward and unfocused discussion of	Mostly articulate and logical discussion of how all	Articulate and logical discussion of how all
Application	omits numerous relevant	how authorities impact	relevant authorities apply to	relevant authorities apply
of Legal	authorities or facts, or	the facts, less than	and impact the facts, gives	to and impact the facts,
Authorities to	fails to consider weigh	appropriate	somewhat proper	gives proper
the Facts	of authority or adverse	consideration given to	consideration to	consideration to weight
	authority, where	weight of authority	weight of authority and/or	of authority and adverse
	appropriate. Resolution	and/or adverse	adverse authority, where	authority, where
	of issue(s) is missing or	authority. Awkward or	appropriate. Presents	appropriate. Presents
	inadequate.	unfocused resolution to	somewhat reasonable	reasonable resolution to
		the issue(s).	resolution to the issue(s) at hand.	the issue(s) at hand.
Effective	Style highly	Style inappropriate to	Style mostly appropriate to	Style appropriate to
Writing Style	inappropriate to	audience, attribution of	audience, mostly proper	audience, proper
,,,,,,,,,,,	audience. Omits	authority is present, but	attribution of authorities and	attribution of authorities
	important attribution of	sloppy or unfocused.	outside information.	and outside information.
	authority or outside			
Effective Use	information. Numerous instances of	Too many instances of	Mostly proper spelling,	Proper spelling,
	improper spelling,	improper spelling,	punctuation, and paragraph	punctuation, and
of Structure	punctuation, paragraph	punctuation, paragraph	and sentence structure	paragraph and sentence
and	or sentence structure;	or sentence structure;		structure.
Grammar	meaning obscured.	distracts reader.		

MST Tax Law: Taxation of Distributions Rubric (Goals 3.1 - 3.4)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Applies Tax Law Regarding Classification of Various Distributions from the Business Entity (Corporation)	Poor knowledge and application of tax law to the tax classification of various types of distributions; omits several major elements	Limited knowledge and application of tax law to classification of various types of distributions; omits a major element	application of tax law to	Exhibits complete knowledge and application of tax law to the classification of various types of distributions
Applies Tax Law Regarding the Determination of the Amount and Nature of Income, Gain or Loss Resulting from a Distribution	Poor knowledge and application regarding the determination of the amount and nature of income, gain or loss resulting from a distribution; omits several major elements	Limited knowledge and application regarding the determination of the amount and nature of income, gain or loss resulting from a distribution; omits one a major element	Good knowledge and application regarding the determination of the amount and nature of income, gain or loss resulting from a distribution, but omits minor elements	Exhibits complete knowledge and application regarding the determination of the amount and nature of income, gain or loss resulting from a distribution
Applies Tax Law Regarding the Tax Basis Consequences of a Distribution	Poor knowledge and application of the resulting tax basis consequences following a distribution; omits several major elements	Limited knowledge and application of the resulting tax basis consequences following a distribution; omits a major element	Good knowledge and application of the resulting tax basis consequences following a distribution; omits minor elements	Exhibits complete knowledge and application of the resulting tax basis consequences following a distribution
Applies Tax Law Regarding Secondary Tax Issues Applicable to Distributions	Poor knowledge and application of tax law to significant secondary tax issues applicable to distributions	1.1		Exhibits complete knowledge and application of significant secondary tax issues applicable to distributions

MST Tax Law: Formation of A Business Entity Rubric (Goals 4.1 - 4.5)

Criteria Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Level 4	teria
Regarding the Tax- Free Formation of the Criteria for tax-free formation of business entity; omits several significant elements Applies Tax Law Regarding the Regarding t	
the Business Entity (Corporation) Criteria for tax-free formation of business entity; omits several significant elements Corporation Criteria for tax-free formation of business entity; omits a major element Corporation Applies Tax Law Regarding the Regarding the Criteria for tax-free formation of business entity; omits a major element Criteria for tax-free formation of business entity; omits a major element Criteria for tax-free formation of business entity; omits a major element Corporation Criteria for tax-free formation of business entity; omits minor elements Corporation Criteria for tax-free formation of business entity; omits minor elements Corporation Corporation Criteria for tax-free formation of business entity; omits minor elements Corporation Cor	
(Corporation) entity; omits several significant elements entity; omits a major element business entity Applies Tax Law Regarding the Regarding the entity; omits a wajor element business entity Limited knowledge and application of tax law to applicati	n of
Applies Tax Law Regarding the Significant elements element element element Exhibits complete knowledge and application of tax law to application of	
Applies Tax Law Regarding the Poor knowledge and application of tax law application of tax law to application of tax law t	
Regarding the application of tax law application of tax law to application of tax law to knowledge and	
Regarding the application of tax law application of tax law to application of tax law to knowledge and	
Treatment of Boot to the treatment of the treatment of boot the treatment of boot and application of tax law	
and other boot and other and other exceptional other exceptional the treatment of boot	
Exceptional exceptional formation transactions; formation transactions; other exceptional	
Formation transactions; offits offits a significant offits fillior elements formation transaction	ons
Transactions several significant element element	
Applies Tax Law Poor knowledge and Limited knowledge and Good knowledge and Exhibits complete	
Regarding the application of tax law application of tax law knowledge and	
Amount and regarding the regarding the calculation regarding the calculation application of tax la	aw
Nature of Realized calculation of the of the amount and of the amount and nature regarding the calculation of the amount and of the amount and nature regarding the calculation of the amount and of the amount and nature regarding the calculation of the amount and of the amount and nature regarding the calculation of the amount and nature regarding the calculatio	ıtion
and Recognized amount and nature of nature of realized and realized and recognized of the amount and nature of	ıture
Income, Coin and realized and recognized income, gain income, gain and loss; of realized and	
The same of the sa	gain
gain and ioss, office significant element	
Transactions several significant elements	
Applies Tax Law Poor knowledge and Limited knowledge and Good knowledge and tax Exhibits complete tax law application tax law application law application regarding the Tax	3
	aw
consequences of consequences of consequences of magnification to tay be	
Consequences of Formation Formation Formation Consequences of formation transactions; formation transactions transac	
transactions: omits a significant omits minor elements formation transaction	
Transactions several significant element of this infinite centers of the same	
elements	
Applies Tax Law Poor knowledge and Limited knowledge and Good knowledge and Exhibits complete	e
Regarding application of tax law application of tax law to application of significant knowledge and	
Secondary Tax to significant significant secondary secondary tax issues application of significant secondary tax is s	
Issues Related to secondary tax issues tax issues related to the related to the formation secondary tax issues	
the Formation of a related to the formation of a business of a business entity; omits a omits minor elements of a business entity; of a business entity;	
Business Entity formation of a business entity; omits a significant element of a business entity	У
several significant	
elements	

MST Tax Planning Rubric (Goals 5.1 - 5.4)

MST Tax Problem Rubric (Goals 6.1 - 6.3)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
	Omits numerous	Omits numerous	Enumerates all	Enumerates all relevant
	relevant facts, or	relevant facts, or	relevant facts with	facts, avoids irrelevant
Effective	includes numerous	includes numerous	reasonable	facts, with good
Analysis of irrelevant facts,		irrelevant facts,	distinction between	articulation of
Client's Facts	fails to consider	fails to consider	known, unknown	interaction between
Cheffit 8 racts	unknown or	unknown or	and unknowable	known, unknown and
	unknowable facts.	unknowable facts.	facts.	unknowable.
	Fails to enumerate	Enumerates most	Enumerates all	Enumerates all relevant
	numerous relevant	relevant issues, but	relevant and	issues (obvious and
Identification of	issues (obvious	fails to discuss	obvious (but not	latent), with good
Relevant Issues	and latent).	interaction of	latent) issues, with	articulation of
Refevant Issues	,	issues.	good articulation of	interaction of issues.
			interaction of	
			issues.	
	Fails to enumerate	Enumerates most	Enumerates most	Enumerates all
	numerous	applicable tax	applicable tax	appropriate tax
	applicable tax	authorities; spotty	authorities with	authorities with good
	authorities with	or poor articulation	reasonable	articulation of
	poor or no	of relevance,	articulation of	relevance, strengths,
Application of	articulation of	strengths,	relevance, strengths,	weaknesses, and
Application of	relevance,	weaknesses, and	weaknesses, and	exceptions to identified
Appropriate	strengths,	exceptions to	exceptions to	authorities; best
Tax Law	weaknesses, and	identified	identified	articulation of impact
	exceptions to	authorities; spotty	authorities;	of identified authorities
	identified	or poor articulation	reasonable	on each issue.
	authorities	of impact of	articulation of	
		identified	impact of identified	
		authorities on each	authorities on each	
		issue.	issue.	
	Fails to articulate	Adequate	Good solution and	Best and all appropriate
	cogent solution(s),	discussion of	discussion of	alternative solutions,
	poor or zero	possible solutions,	alternative	including relative
Development of	discussion of	discussion of	solutions, good	strengths, weaknesses,
Effective	relative strengths,	relative strengths,	discussion of	tax and other
Solutions or	weaknesses, tax	weaknesses, tax and	relative strengths,	consequences of each
Resolutions For	and other	other consequences	weaknesses, tax and	proposed solution;
Each Issue	consequences of	of possible solution	other consequences	elaborates
Pacii Issuc	each possible	is poor or lacking;	of each proposed	implementation
	solution; poor or	poor or zero discussion of	solution; spotty discussion of	strategies.
	no discussion of			
	implementation	implementation	implementation	
	strategies.		strategies.	

MST Assessment Calendar 2011-2016

MST	2011-2015 Goals and Objectives	F11	W12	F12	W13	F13	W14	F14	W15
1	Ethical Reasoning	X						X	
2	Tax Communication			X					
3	Tax Law Distributions*							X	
4	Tax Law - Entity Formation	X						X	
5	Tax Planning**			X					
6	Tax Problems					X			

^{*}folded into the revised tax law goal

MST	2015-2016 Revised Goals and Objectives	F15	W16
1	Ethical Awareness & Competence		
2	Tax Communication	X	
3	Tax Law	X	
4	Tax Analysis & Planning	X	

Goal assessed once in the five year cycle

^{**}comparable to the revised tax analysis & planning goal

MST Program Learning Goals and Objectives MST - Assurance of Learning Progress Chart (2011 - 2015)

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(1) Ethical Reasoning	Demonstrate knowledge of tax professionals' ethical standards. Apply ethical standards to tax decisions. Identify and analyze ethical concerns	Cycle 1 Fall 2011 ACC 636	Tax Memo Research paper	N = 11 Average scores ranged from 3.02 to 3.43	Results were shared with the school of accounting (SOA) faculty in Winter 2012	Students performed relatively well in the first assessment of the ethics goal. No curriculum change is recommended at this time. The faculty will continue to emphasize ethical issues in several courses.
	commonly faced by tax accounts. Make a realistic and thoughtful recommendation that is consistent with standards.	Cycle 2 Fall 2014 ACC 636	Tax Memo Research paper	N = 26 Average scores ranged from 2.91 to 3.35	Results were shared with the school of accounting (SOA) faculty in Winter 2015	In the second assessment of this goal, student performance was weak in the areas of knowledge of ethical standards and recommendations for corrective action. Faculty will emphasize and address the importance of teaching rule-based ethical standards in all sections of the ethics course offered.

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(2) Tax Communication	Demonstrate proper structure, grammar, and mechanics. Provide a brief and articulate synopsis of tax matters under consideration. Use an audience-appropriate writing style.	Cycle I Fall 2012 ACC 636	Tax protest letter	N = 13 Average scores ranged from 3.1 to 3.5	Results were shared with the school of accounting (SOA) faculty in Winter 2013	Although student performance was satisfactory, the SOA advised faculty to put more emphasis on depth of the analyses.
(3) Tax Law - Distributions	Apply tax law to the classification of various distributions. Apply tax law to the determination of the income, gain, or loss resulting from a distribution. Apply tax law to the secondary tax issues applicable to distributions. Apply tax law to the tax basis consequences of a distribution.	Cycle I Fall 2014 ACC 624	Tax Memo	N = 56 Average scores ranged from 3.08 to 3.28	Results were shared with the school of accounting (SOA) faculty in Winter 2013	SOA Faculty has been advised to place more emphasis on applying tax laws to secondary tax issues. Since the overall performance was good, no additional action was recommended at this time.

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(4) Tax Law - Entity Formation	Apply tax law to the amount and nature of income, gain, or loss on formation transactions. Apply tax law to the secondary tax issues related to the formation of a business entity. Apply tax law to the tax basis consequences of formation transactions.	Cycle 1 Fall 2011 ACC 636	Tax Memo	N = 10 Average scores ranged from 2.55 to 3.05	Results were shared with the school of accounting (SOA) faculty in Winter 2012	With the exception of applying tax law to the tax-free formation of a business entity, student performance was deficient on all of the remaining objectives. To improve student performance in the future, MST faculty will put stronger emphasis on amount and nature of gain/loss, secondary tax issues, consequences of formation transactions and treatment of partial gain and other exceptional transactions in the classroom.
	Apply tax law to the tax-free formation of a business entity. Apply tax law to the treatment of partial gain recognition and other exceptional formation transactions.	Cycle 2 Fall 2014 ACC 636	Tax Memo	N = 26 Average scores ranged from 2.69 to 3.32	Results were shared with the school of accounting (SOA) faculty in Winter 2015	Student performance significantly improved in all areas. However, the average performance on application of tax law on consequences of formation transactions was again below 3. Faculty will continue to emphasize tax basis consequences of formation transactions in all sections of the course.

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(5) Tax Planning	Correctly apply tax authority to a client's situation. Effectively analyze client situation and assess client needs in dynamic environments. Develop appropriate tax strategies and/or solutions to fit client objectives and needs. Generate and assess all plausible alternatives for a client situation.	Cycle 1 Fall 2012 ACC 636	Planning Research Memo	N = 13 Average scores ranged from 3.1 to 3.4	Results were shared with the school of accounting (SOA) faculty in Winter 2013	Student performance was good; hence no further action was recommended at this time.
(6) Tax Problems	Effectively assess tax facts. Correctly identify tax issues. Apply pertinent tax law to the facts and issues.	Cycle 1 Fall 2013 ACC 636	Research Memo	Average scores ranged from 3.01 to 3.23	Results were shared with the school of accounting (SOA) faculty in Winter 2014	MST faculty decided to spend additional time in their classroom to address the marginal performance in the areas of "application of tax law" and "solutions and recommendation." Since in aggregate the target was met, no further action was recommended at this time.

MST Program Revised Learning Goals and Objectives MST - Assurance of Learning Progress Chart (2015 - 2016)

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(1) Ethical Awareness and Competence	Identify and analyze ethical issues commonly faced by tax professionals and make appropriate recommendations.	The assessment of this goal is complete. It has been assessed twice in the five-year cycle.				
(2) Effective Tax Communication	Provide concise and articulate synopsis of tax matters demonstrating proper language structure, grammar, and mechanics. Demonstrate a context and audience appropriate writing style.	Cycle 2 Fall 2015 ACC 636 This goal is comparable to the old Tax Communication goal.	Paper	N = 4 Average scores ranged from 3.4 to 3.58.	Results were shared with the school of accounting (SOA) faculty in Winter 2016	Student performance was excellent. The unusually low enrollment and switch to a new more streamlined and summary evaluation rubric as opposed to the use of a more detailed rubric in the past may be a factor. No action is proposed at this time.

Program Goals	Learning Objectives	Date Assessed and Where? (course, sections)	Measure?	Findings	Results Discussed (where, when, who)	Loop Closed (actions)
(3) Substantive Tax Law	Correctly identify tax issues and apply appropriate tax laws. Accurately determine all tax consequences for current transactions.	Cycle 2 Fall 2015 ACC 636 The old goal Tax Law Distributions has been folded into this revised goal.	Paper	N = 3 Average scores ranged from 3.23 to 3.36.	Results were shared with the school of accounting (SOA) faculty in Winter 2016	Student performance was excellent. The unusually low enrollment and switch to a new more streamlined and summary evaluation rubric as opposed to the use of a more detailed rubric in the past may be a factor. No action is proposed at this time.
(4) Strategic Tax Analysis and Planning	Effectively analyze client tax situations and develop appropriate tax strategies to resolve client issues.	Cycle 2 Fall 2015 ACC 636 This goal is comparable to the old Tax Planning goal.	Paper	N = 3 Average scores ranged from 3.35 to 3.53.	Results were shared with the school of accounting (SOA) faculty in Winter 2016	Student performance was excellent. The unusually low enrollment and switch to a new more streamlined and summary evaluation rubric as opposed to the use of a more detailed rubric in the past may be a factor. No action is proposed at this time.